

# COURSE OVERVIEW RE0241 Balancing of Machinery Components

CEUS

(30 PDHs)

## Course Title

**Balancing of Machinery Components** 

#### Course Date/Venue

Session 1: January 12-16, 2025/Boardroom 1, Elite Byblos Hotel Al Barsha, Sheikh Zayed Road, Dubai, UAE Session 2: July 14-18, 2025/Fujairah Meeting Room, Grand Millennium Al Wahda Hotel, Abu Dhabi, UAE

# Course Reference

RE0241

### Course Duration/Credits

Five days/3.0 CEUs/30.0 PDHs

#### Course Description







This practical and highly-interactive course includes practical sessions and exercises. Theory learnt will be applied using our state-of-the-art simulators.

This course will provide participants with the working knowledge to achieve alignment on two-shaft systems (e.g. motor and pump) and will emphasize what is involved in the overall alignment process. The aim of the course is to provide the participants with the knowledge to accurately align any type of machinery in a variety of ways. No single alignment method or system is promoted over another. There are advantages and disadvantages to each system. This course helps to insure that the participants are aware of the various techniques to measure and correct misalignment. In addition, it will help participants pick the best method of alignment to suit their individual needs and the needs of their company. Each participant will develop the confidence and ability to do the job correctly.

During this interactive course, participants will learn the detection and measurement of misalignment of rotating machinery; the tolerances in flexible and rigid couplings; the correct flexible coupling; the various alignment methods and techniques; the face and rim method, double radical method, shaft-to-coupling spool method, face-face method and electronic/electro-optical method; and the proper method in aligning V-belt drives, rotating shaft in stationary hollow cylinder, parallel rolls, vertical rolls and lateral rolls.



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## Course Objectives

Upon the successful completion of this course, each participant will be able to:-

- Align and balance mechanical systems accurately using different alignment techniques
- Detect and measure misalignment of rotating machinery
- Identify the tolerances in flexible and rigid couplings and specify the flexible coupling correctly
- Apply the various alignment methods and techniques including face and rim method, double radical method, shaft-to-coupling spool method, face-face method and electronic/electro-optical method
- Employ the proper method in aligning V-belt drives, rotating shaft in stationary hollow cylinder, parallel rolls, vertical rolls and lateral rolls

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# Exclusive Smart Training Kit - H-STK®



Participants of this course will receive the exclusive "Haward Smart Training Kit" (**H-STK**<sup>®</sup>). The **H-STK**<sup>®</sup> consists of a comprehensive set of technical content which includes **electronic version** of the course materials conveniently saved in a **Tablet PC**.

### Who Should Attend

The course covers systematic techniques on rotating equipment alignment for those who are involved in the design, maintenance, inspection or repair of rotating equipment.

### Course Fee

**US\$ 5,500** per Delegate + **VAT**. This rate includes H-STK<sup>®</sup> (Haward Smart Training Kit), buffet lunch, coffee/tea on arrival, morning & afternoon of each day.

### **Accommodation**

Accommodation is not included in the course fees. However, any accommodation required can be arranged at the time of booking.

### Training Methodology

All our Courses are including **Hands-on Practical Sessions** using equipment, State-of-the-Art Simulators, Drawings, Case Studies, Videos and Exercises. The courses include the following training methodologies as a percentage of the total tuition hours:-

- 30% Lectures
- 20% Practical Workshops & Work Presentations
- 30% Hands-on Practical Exercises & Case Studies
- 20% Simulators (Hardware & Software) & Videos

In an unlikely event, the course instructor may modify the above training methodology before or during the course for technical reasons.



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# Course Certificate(s)

Internationally recognized certificates will be issued to all participants of the course who completed a minimum of 80% of the total tuition hours.

## **Certificate Accreditations**

Certificates are accredited by the following international accreditation organizations: -

British Accreditation Council (BAC)

Haward Technology is accredited by the **British Accreditation Council** for **Independent Further and Higher Education** as an **International Centre**. BAC is the British accrediting body responsible for setting standards within independent further and higher education sector in the UK and overseas. As a BAC-accredited international centre, Haward Technology meets all of the international higher education criteria and standards set by BAC.

• The International Accreditors for Continuing Education and Training (IACET - USA)

Haward Technology is an Authorized Training Provider by the International Accreditors for Continuing Education and Training (IACET), 2201 Cooperative Way, Suite 600, Herndon, VA 20171, USA. In obtaining this authority, Haward Technology has demonstrated that it complies with the **ANSI/IACET 2018-1 Standard** which is widely recognized as the standard of good practice internationally. As a result of our Authorized Provider membership status, Haward Technology is authorized to offer IACET CEUs for its programs that qualify under the **ANSI/IACET 2018-1 Standard**.

Haward Technology's courses meet the professional certification and continuing education requirements for participants seeking **Continuing Education Units** (CEUs) in accordance with the rules & regulations of the International Accreditors for Continuing Education & Training (IACET). IACET is an international authority that evaluates programs according to strict, research-based criteria and guidelines. The CEU is an internationally accepted uniform unit of measurement in qualified courses of continuing education.

Haward Technology Middle East will award **3.0 CEUs** (Continuing Education Units) or **30 PDHs** (Professional Development Hours) for participants who completed the total tuition hours of this program. One CEU is equivalent to ten Professional Development Hours (PDHs) or ten contact hours of the participation in and completion of Haward Technology programs. A permanent record of a participant's involvement and awarding of CEU will be maintained by Haward Technology. Haward Technology will provide a copy of the participant's CEU and PDH Transcript of Records upon request.



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#### Course Instructor(s)

This course will be conducted by the following instructor(s). However, we have the right to change the course instructor(s) prior to the course date and inform participants accordingly:



Mr. Andrew Ladwig is a Senior Process & Mechanical Engineer with over 25 years of extensive experience within the Oil & Gas, Refinery, Petrochemical & Power industries. His expertise widely covers in the areas of Ammonia Manufacturing & Process Troubleshooting, Distillation Towers, Crude Oil Distillation, Fundamentals of Distillation for Engineers, Distillation Operation and Troubleshooting, Advanced Distillation Troubleshooting, Distillation Technology, Vacuum Distillation, Ammonia Storage & Loading Systems, Ammonia Plant Operation, Troubleshooting & Optimization, Ammonia Recovery, Ammonia Plant Safety, Hazard of Ammonia Handling, Storage & Shipping, Operational Excellence in Ammonia Plants, Fertilizer Storage Management

(Ammonia & Urea), Fertilizer Manufacturing Process Technology, Sulphur Recovery, Phenol Recovery & Extraction, Wax Sweating & Blending, Petrochemical & Fertilizer Plants, Nitrogen Fertilizer Production, Petroleum Industry Process Engineering, Refining Process & Petroleum Products, Refinery Planning & Economics, Safe Refinery Operations, Hydrotreating & Hydro-processing, Separators in Oil & Gas Industry, Gas Testing & Energy Isolations, Gas Liquor Separation, Industrial Liquid Mixing, Wax Bleachers, Extractors, Fractionation, Operation & Control of Distillation, Process of Crude ATM & Vacuum Distillation Unit, Water Purification, Water Transport & Distribution, Steam & Electricity, Flame Arrestors, Coal Processing, Environmental Emission Control, R&D of Wax Blending, Wax Molding/Slabbing, Industrial Drying, Principles, Selection & Design, Process Safety Design, Certified Process Plant Operations, Control & Troubleshooting, Operator Responsibilities, Storage Tanks Operations & Measurements, Tank Design, Construction, Inspection & Maintenance, Atmospheric Tanks, Process Plant Troubleshooting & Engineering Problem Solving, Process Plant Performance, Efficiency & Optimization, Continuous Improvement & Benchmarking, Process Troubleshooting Techniques, Oil & Gas Operation/Introduction to Surface Facilities, Pressure Vessel Operation, Plant & Equipment Integrity, Process Equipment Performance & Troubleshooting, Plant Startup & Shutdown, Startup & Shutdown the Plant While Handling Abnormal Conditions, Flare & Relief System, Process Gas Plant Start-up, Commissioning & Problem Solving, Process Liquid and Process Handling & Measuring Equipment. Further, he is also well-versed in Compressors & Turbines Operation, Maintenance & Troubleshooting, Heat Exchanger Overhaul & Testing Techniques, Balancing of Rotating Machinery (BRM), Pipe Stress Analysis, Valves & Actuators Technology, Inspect & Maintain Safeguarding Vent & Relief System, Certified Inspectors for Vehicle & Equipment, Optimizing Equipment Maintenance & Replacement Decisions, Certified Maintenance Planner (CMP), Certified Planning and Scheduling Professional (AACE-PSP), Material Cataloguing, Specifications, Handling & Storage, Steam Trap Design, Operation, Maintenance & Troubleshooting, Steam Trapping & Control, Column, Pump Technology, Pump Selection & Installation, Centrifugal Pumps Troubleshooting, Pumps Design, Selection & Operation, Pump & Exchangers, Troubleshooting & Design, Rotating Equipment Operation & Troubleshooting, Control & ESD System, Detailed Engineering Drawings, Codes & Standards, Budget Preparation, Allocation & Cost Control, Root Cause Analysis (RCA), Production Optimization. Permit to Work (PTW). Project Engineering. Data Analysis. Process Hazard Analysis (PHA), HAZOP Study, Sampling & Analysis, Training Analysis, Job Analysis Techniques, Storage & Handling of Toxic Chemicals & Hazardous Materials, Hazardous Material Classification & Storage/Disposal, Dangerous Goods, Environmental Management System (EMS), Supply Chain, Purchasing, Procurement, Logistics Management & Transport & Warehousing & Inventory, Risk Monitoring Authorized Gas Tester (AGT), Confined Space Entry (CSE), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), Fire & Gas, First Aid and Occupational Health & Safety.

During his career life, Mr. Ladwig has gained his practical experience through his various significant positions and dedication as the Mechanical Engineer, Project Engineer, Reliability & Maintenance Engineer, Maintenance Support Engineer, Process Engineer, HSE Supervisor, Warehouse Manager, Quality Manager, Business Analyst, Senior Process Controller, Process Controller, Safety Officer, Mechanical Technician, Senior Lecturer and Senior Consultant/Trainer for various companies such as the Sasol Ltd., Sasol Wax, Sasol Synfuels, just to name a few.

Mr. Ladwig has a **Bachelor's** degree in **Chemical Engineering** and a **Diploma** in **Mechanical Engineering**. Further, he is a **Certified Instructor/Trainer**, a **Certified Internal Verifier/Assessor/Trainer** by the **Institute of Leadership & Management (ILM)** and has delivered various trainings, workshops, seminars, courses and conferences internationally.



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# Course Program

The following program is planned for this course. However, the course instructor(s) may modify this program before or during the course for technical reasons with no prior notice to participants. Nevertheless, the course objectives will always be met:

Day 1	
0730 – 0800	Registration & Coffee
0800 - 0815	Welcome & Introduction
0815 - 0830	PRE-TEST
0830 - 0930	Introduction of Shaft Alignment Benefits of Good Machinery Alignment • Consequences of Defective Alignment • Four Basic Ingredients Necessary to Ensure Alignment Success • Eight Basic Steps to Align Machinery • How Qualified are you to Detect and Correct Machinery Misalignment? • Why Should People Be Tested on their Alignment Skills? • Experience Evaluation for Machinery Alignment • Who Needs to be Trained and Qualified in Shaft Alignment? • Assessing a Person's Knowledge and Experience Level in Shaft Alignment • Alignment Qualification or Certification Testing • Periodic Alignment Checks • Alignment Record Keeping
0930 - 0945	Break
0945 - 1100	<b>Detecting Misalignment on Rotating Machinery</b> The Four Maintenance Philosophies • Types of Forces that Occur on Rotating Machinery
1100 – 1215	Foundations, Baseplates, Installation & Piping Strain Varying Composition of Earth's Surface Layer • How do we Hold this Equipment in Place? • Problems to Look For in your Foundations and Baseplates • Checking for Excessive Static Piping Forces on Rotating Equipment • Visual Inspection Checklist • How Long will Rotating Machinery Stayed Accurately Aligned?
1215 – 1230	Break
1230 – 1420	Flexible & Rigid CouplingsCoupling and Shaft Misalignment Tolerances – What is the Difference? •The Role of Flexible Coupling • What to Consider when Specifying a FlexibleCoupling • Types of Flexible Couplings • Rigid Coupling Design • FlexibleCoupling Lubrication • Coupling Installation • Coupling Hub AttachmentMethods • Keys and Keyways
1420 - 1430	<b>Recap</b> Using this Course Overview, the Instructor(s) will Brief Participants about the Topics that were Discussed Today and Advise Them of the Topics to be Discussed Tomorrow
1430	Lunch & End of Day One

#### Dav 2

0730 - 0930	Preliminary Alignment Checks
	Foundation and Base Plate Checks • Dial Indicator Basics • Damaged, Worn
	or Improperly Installed Machinery Components Checks • Runout •
	Machine Housing to Base Plate Interface Problems • Verifying that the Soft
	Foot has been Eliminated • Other Methods for Correcting Soft Foot
	Problems
0930 - 0945	Break



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	Shaft Alignment Measuring Tools
0945 - 1100	Dimensional Measurement • Classes of Dimensional Measurement and
	Tools and Sensors • Sweeping 90° Arcs Twice to Measure a Misalignment
	Condition • Why Measurements are Taken at 90° Intervals • Rotating Both
	Shafts to Override a Runout Condition • Tips for Getting Good Alignment
	Measurements • Engaged Coupling will Produce Measurement Errors •
	Rim Indicator Setup Variations • Rim Readings Indicate Twice the
	Centerline Offset • Validity Rule • Partial Arc Mathematics • Bracket or
	Bar Sag • Xmas Tree Bracket and Face Sag • Zero Sag Brackets • Dial
	Indicator Shaft Alignment System Manufacturers • Dial Indicator
	Manufacturers Hardware Specifications
	Correcting Misalignment
	Installing Machinery for the First Time • Bolt Bound Conditions• Last
1100 – 1215	Resort Measures for Bolt-Bound Conditions • Machinery Positioning
	Basics • Types of Movement Tools • What to Do When Thing are not
	Working • Misalignment Rantings
1215 – 1230	Break
1220 1420	Alignment Modeling Basics
	Graphing and Modeling Alignment Techniques • Basic Alignment Models •
1250 - 1420	Scaling the Drive System onto the Alignment Model • Cardinal Alignment
	Graphing and Modeling Rules
1420 - 1430	Recap
	Using this Course Overview, the Instructor(s) will Brief Participants about
	the Topics that were Discussed Today and Advise Them of the Topics to be
	Discussed Tomorrow
1430	Lunch & End of Day Two

#### Day 3

0730 - 0930	Defining Misalignment: Alignment & Coupling Tolerance
	What Exactly is Shaft Alignment? • Does Level and Aligned Mean the Same
	Thing? • Measuring Angles • Types of Misalignment • Definition of Shaft
	Misalignment Checking the Misalignment Tolerance • Shaft Versus
	Coupling Alignment • How Straight are Rotating Machinery Shafts?
0930 - 0945	Break
0945 - 1100	Reverse Indicator Method
	Basic Mathematical Equations for the Reverse Indicator Method • Modeling
	Reverse Indicator Method Using the "Point to Point" Technique • Rim
	Reading are Always Twice the Offset Amount • Modeling the Reverse
	Indicator Method Using the Line –to –Point Technique
1100 - 1215	Face and Rim Methods
	Mathematical Relationship in Machinery Alignment • Sixteen-Point
	Method • Twenty-Point Method • Problems with Taking Face Readings •
	Modeling the Face and Rim Method • Artificial Face Surface
1215 – 1230	Break
1230 - 1330	Double Radial Method
	Basic Mathematical Equations for the Double Radial Method • Modeling the
	Double Radial Method



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1330 – 1420	Shaft to Coupling Spool Method
	Basic Mathematical Equations for the Shaft Coupling Spool Method •
	Modeling the Shaft to Coupling Spool Method
1420 - 1430	Recap
	Using this Course Overview, the Instructor(s) will Brief Participants about
	the Topics that were Discussed Today and Advise Them of the Topics to be
	Discussed Tomorrow
1430	Lunch & End of Day Three

#### Day 4

Duy 4	
0730 - 0930	<b>Face-Face Method</b> Basic Mathematical Equations for the Face-Face Method • Modeling the
	Face-Face Method
0930 - 0945	Break
	Electronic and Electro-Optical Shaft Alignment Systems
0045 1100	Optical Encoder System • Laser-Detector Systems • Laser System
0945 - 1100	Manufacturers Hardware Specifications • Laser System Manufacturers
	Software Specifications
	Measuring and Compensating for Off-Line to Running Machinery
	Movement
	What Type of Machinery is Likely to Change Equipment's Position When
	Running? • What Causes Machinery Movement to Occur? • Conducting
1100 1015	the Off-Line to Running Machinery Movement Survey • Taking "Hot"
1100 - 1215	Alignment Measurements Immediately after Shutdown • Four General
	Categories Of OL2R Measurements • Calculating Machine Case Terminal
	Expansion using the Strain Equation • Inside Micrometer-Tooling Ball-
	Angle • Vertical, Lateral and Axial OL2R Movement • Proximity Probes
	with Water-Cooled Stands • Optical Alignment Equipment
1215 – 1230	Break
	Measuring and Compensating For Off-Line to Running Machinery
	Movement (Cont'd)
	Optical Parallax • Using Optical Tooling for Measurement Machinery
	Movement • Establishing Reference Planes • Alignment Bars with
1230 – 1420	Proximity Probes • Applying Laser-Detector Systems for OL2R
	Measurements • Ball-Rod-Tubing Connector System • Vernier-Strobe
	System • Instrumented Coupling Systems • Aligning Shafts for Running
	Conditions (Also Known as Running Alignment or "Hot Operating
	Alignment")
1420 - 1430	Recap
	Using this Course Overview, the Instructor(s) will Brief Participants about
	the Topics that were Discussed Today and Advise Them of the Topics to be
1420	Discussea 10morrow
1430	Lunch & End of Day Four



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Day 5

	Aligning Multiple - Element Drive Systems
	Multiple-Element Drive Train Alignment Laws • Multiple-Element Drive
	Train: Graphing and Modeling Techniques • Multiple-Element Drive Train
0730 – 0930	Modeling –One Set of Shafts at a Time • Multiple-Element Drive System
	Graphing –Modeling All the Shafts at One Time • Mixing Different
	Alignment Measurement Methods • Modeling Right-Angle Drive Systems •
	Final Comments on Aligning Multiple-Element Drive Trains
0930 - 0945	Break
	Aligning V-Belt Drives
	Belt Drive Systems-Advantages and Disadvantages • V-Belt Standards
	Information • Sheave Information • V-Belt Recommendation and Rules of
	Thumbs • Sheave and Belt Wear • Adjusting Belt Tension • Preliminary
0945 - 1100	Alignment Checks for V-Belts and Sheaves • Types of Sheave Misalignment
	Conditions • Using a Straightedge to Measure Misalignment • Measuring
	the Misalignment at the Sheaves • V-Belt Machine Measurements •
	Modeling V-Belt Alignment Problems • V-Belt Alignment Modeling Sample
	Problem • Laser Alignment Systems For V-Belt and Sheaves
	Bore Alignment
	Aligning a Rotating Shaft with a Stationary Hollow Cylinder • Aligning
1100 – 1215	Two Hollow Cylinders • Basic Measurement Principles and Nomenclature •
	Cylinder Alignment Procedure • Bucking in Process • Correcting the
	Misalignment • Laser Bore Alignment Systems
1215 - 1230	Break
	Parallel Alignment
	Rough Alignment of Parallel Rolls • Using Optical Alignment Equipments
1230 - 1345	for Roll Parallelism • Aligning the Rolls in the Vertical (Up/Down)
1200 1040	Direction • Aligning the Rolls in the Lateral (Side to Side) Direction • Using
	Laser-Detector Systems to Measure Parallelism • Using Roll, Pitch and Yaw
	<i>Positions of Rolls to Measure Parallelism • Aligning Rolls and Their Drives</i>
1345 - 1400	Course Conclusion
	Using this Course Overview, the Instructor(s) will Brief Participants about
	the Course Topics that were Covered During the Course
1400 - 1415	POST-TEST
1415 – 1430	Presentation of Course Certificates
1430	Lunch & End of Course



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# Simulator (Hands-on Practical Sessions)

Practical sessions will be organized during the course for delegates to practice the theory learnt. Delegates will be provided with an opportunity to carryout various exercises using the state-of-the-art simulator "iLearnVibration".



# Course Coordinator

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