

COURSE OVERVIEW ME0727 Bolt Torquing & Tensioning

<u>Course Title</u> Bolt Torquing & Tensioning

Course Date/Venue

- Session 1: August 03-07, 2025/Boardroom 1, Elite Byblos Hotel Al Barsha, Sheikh Zayed Road, Dubai, UAE
- Session 2: December 22-26, 2025/Fujairah Meeting Room, Grand Millennium Al Wahda Hotel, Abu Dhabi, UAE

(30 PDHs)

AWAT

Course Reference

ME0727

Course Duration/Credits

Five days/3.0 CEUs/30 PDHs

Course Description







This practical and highly-interactive course includes real-life case studies and exercises where participants will be engaged in a series of interactive small groups and class workshops.

In this course we shall be analyzing circular flanges used in the power, petrochemical, oil and gas industries for the jointing of pipes, for the blinding of pipes and the blinding of pressure vessels/ heat exchangers.

The selection of pipe flanges is well documented in the ASME code and is fairly straight forward when pressures and temperatures are known. Use of the code makes the specific selection of components such as flanged valves, meters, pumps and compressors also fairly straight forward in most instances.

As a piping designer or engineer, it is essential to have an understanding of the flange joint make-up as a unit. To this end, it is essential to understand the meaning of bolt preload and its importance in the flange joint when considering external loadings due to: (1) internal pressure, (2) cyclic conditions (leading to possible fatigue), (3) the effect of temperature, (4) shear and bending loads, and (5) vibration.

Material selection will also be discussed. Once materials have been selected for flanges, bolts and gasket, for a particular joint, the engineer should be able to specify and calculate initial torque requirements and to ensure that the joint will not fail or leak.



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This course will have practical demonstrations in KPO industrial facility to view the various types of flanges and talk to the technicians about problems encountered in the field relating to Flange Management. Likewise, KPO procedures will be discussed and a flange demonstration torque-up will be carried out, if possible.

The aspect of fatigue loadings will also be covered. However, in practice the cyclic conditions encountered can be extremely difficult to estimate. Sometimes, at best, a designer/engineer can only make assumptions (and judgments based on experience), regarding expected vibration. Only in special instances will a full finite element analysis have to be carried out for a critical joint. This is best left to the specialists and in this course no attempt will be made to teach the participants the FEA techniques. However, research will be discussed to illustrate the process and to give the participants some understanding of FEA techniques when applied to a flange joint.

When a flange joint is subjected to critical high temperature and pressures it is always recommended to give the design to a specialist who has the necessary software available. Accurate bending and shear loads on flange joints can sometimes only be established from a pipe stress analysis programme. In this course, circular flat plates will be analyzed and compared to blind flanges, and pressure vessel heat exchanger applications.

Course Objectives

Upon the successful completion of this course, each participant will be able to:-

- Apply and gain a comprehensive knowledge on torquing, hydraulic tensioning and tightening control of flange joints
- Identify the different types of flanges and gaskets used in the industry, become familiar with their applications and be able to determine their effect in the flange joint
- Discuss the system components of flange joint and analyze torque equations, stiffness of members, pre-tensioning, bolt strength, external loads and torques vs. tension
- Determine the various torque requirements needed and compare theory versus manufacturer/contractor recommendations
- Apply the selection process of flanges and ratings and identify the parameters that can cause flange leakage
- Identify blind end flange design for both pipelines and pressure vessels
- Use ASME/ANSI charts, bolting charts and torque charts in the selection of flange components
- Carryout fatigue loading and the effect of temperature and why FEA techniques are necessary in critical flange design applications
- Identify some of the software packages available for specific locations

Exclusive Smart Training Kit - H-STK®



Participants of this course will receive the exclusive "Haward Smart Training Kit" (H-STK[®]). The H-STK[®] consists of a comprehensive set of technical content which includes electronic version of the course materials conveniently saved in a Tablet PC.



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Who Should Attend

This course provides an overview of all significant aspects and considerations of torquing, hydraulic tensioning and tightening control of flange joints for engineers, lead technicians and technicians involved in the design, construction or maintenance of pressurized equipment utilizing flanged joints for the petroleum, refining, chemical, power and process industries, maintenance technicians working with pressurized fluids piping and pipelines, shop supervisors in charge of crews working in process plant environments and for piping and pipeline inspectors.

Training Methodology

All our Courses are including **Hands-on Practical Sessions** using equipment, Stateof-the-Art Simulators, Drawings, Case Studies, Videos and Exercises. The courses include the following training methodologies as a percentage of the total tuition hours:-

30% Lectures
20% Practical Workshops & Work Presentations
30% Hands-on Practical Exercises & Case Studies
20% Simulators (Hardware & Software) & Videos

In an unlikely event, the course instructor may modify the above training methodology before or during the course for technical reasons.

Course Fee

US\$ 5,500 per Delegate + **VAT**. This rate includes H-STK[®] (Haward Smart Training Kit), buffet lunch, coffee/tea on arrival, morning & afternoon of each day.

Accommodation

Accommodation is not included in the course fees. However, any accommodation required can be arranged at the time of booking.



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Course Certificate(s)

Internationally recognized certificates will be issued to all participants of the course who completed a minimum of 80% of the total tuition hours.

Certificate Accreditations

Certificates are accredited by the following international accreditation organizations:

• *** * BAC

British Accreditation Council (BAC)

Haward Technology is accredited by the **British Accreditation Council** for **Independent Further and Higher Education** as an **International Centre**. BAC is the British accrediting body responsible for setting standards within independent further and higher education sector in the UK and overseas. As a BAC-accredited international centre, Haward Technology meets all of the international higher education criteria and standards set by BAC.

• ACCREDITE

The International Accreditors for Continuing Education and Training (IACET - USA)

Haward Technology is an Authorized Training Provider by the International Accreditors for Continuing Education and Training (IACET), 2201 Cooperative Way, Suite 600, Herndon, VA 20171, USA. In obtaining this authority, Haward Technology has demonstrated that it complies with the **ANSI/IACET 2018-1 Standard** which is widely recognized as the standard of good practice internationally. As a result of our Authorized Provider membership status, Haward Technology is authorized to offer IACET CEUs for its programs that qualify under the **ANSI/IACET 2018-1 Standard**.

Haward Technology's courses meet the professional certification and continuing education requirements for participants seeking **Continuing Education Units** (CEUs) in accordance with the rules & regulations of the International Accreditors for Continuing Education & Training (IACET). IACET is an international authority that evaluates programs according to strict, research-based criteria and guidelines. The CEU is an internationally accepted uniform unit of measurement in qualified courses of continuing education.

Haward Technology Middle East will award **3.0 CEUs** (Continuing Education Units) or **30 PDHs** (Professional Development Hours) for participants who completed the total tuition hours of this program. One CEU is equivalent to ten Professional Development Hours (PDHs) or ten contact hours of the participation in and completion of Haward Technology programs. A permanent record of a participant's involvement and awarding of CEU will be maintained by Haward Technology. Haward Technology will provide a copy of the participant's CEU and PDH Transcript of Records upon request.



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Course Instructor(s)

This course will be conducted by the following instructor(s). However, we have the right to change the course instructor(s) prior to the course date and inform participants accordingly:



Dr. Tony Dimitry, PhD, MSc, BSc, is a Senior Mechanical Engineer with over 30 years of industrial experience. His expertise covers Pumps, Compressors, Turbines & Troubleshooting, Centrifugal Pumps, Maintenance of Gas Compressors, Compressor & Steam Turbine, Pressure Safety Relief Valve Repair & Recalibration, PSV/PRV Troubleshooting, PRV Testing & Repair, Valve Testing &

Inspection, Valve Sealing, Valve Calibration, Process Equipment, Vibration Siemens Turbine Analysis. Heat Exchanger, Steam Maintenance. Electromechanical Maintenance, Machinery Alignment, Lubrication Technology, Compressors, HVAC & Refrigeration Systems, Piping System, Blower & Fan, Shaft Repair, Control Valve & Actuator, Safety Relief Valves, Pipelines, Piping Vibration Analysis, Pressure Vessels, Dry Gas Seal, Process Equipment, Diesel Engine & Crane Maintenance, Maintenance Management (Preventive, Predictive, Breakdown), Reliability Management, Condition-Based Monitoring, Rotating Equipment, Tanks & Tank Farms, Pneumatic System, Static Equipment, Failure Analysis, FMEA, Corrosion, Metallurgy, Planning, Scheduling, Cost Control, Preventive and Predictive Maintenance. Currently, he is the Maintenance Manager of the PPC Incorporation wherein he is responsible for the maintenance and upgrade of all plant components, monitoring the thermal stresses and the remaining life of steam pipes, turbine casing, mills, fans and pumps. He is in-charge of the metallurgical failure analysis and the usage of fracture mechanics for determining crack propagation in impellers of turbines, assessing all alterations and developments for upgrading the plant.

During his career life, Dr. Dimitry was a **Senior Engineer** in **Chloride Silent (UK)** wherein he was responsible for the mechanical, thermal and electrical modelling of battery problems for electric vehicles and satellites as well as an **Operations Engineer** of the **National Nuclear Corporation (UK)** wherein he was responsible for the optimization of the plant. Prior to this, he was a **Professor** at the **Technical University of Crete** and an Assistant **Professor** of the **University of Manchester (UK)**.

Dr. Dimitry has PhD, Master and Bachelor degrees in Mechanical Engineering from the Victory University of Manchester and the University of Newcastle, UK respectively. Further, he is a Certified Instructor/Trainer, a Certified Internal Verifier/Assessor/Trainer by the Institute of Leadership & Management (ILM) and an associate member of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME) and Institution of Mechanical Engineers (IMechE). He has further delivered various trainings, seminars, courses, workshops and conferences internationally.



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Course Program

The following program is planned for this course. However, the course instructor(s) may modify this program before or during the course for technical reasons with no prior notice to participants. Nevertheless, the course objectives will always be met:

Day 1

Day I	
0730 - 0800	Registration & Coffee
0800 - 0815	Welcome & Introduction
0815 - 0830	PRE-TEST
0830 - 0900	Introduction
0900 - 0930	Course Overview
0930 - 0945	Break
	Types of Flanges and Gaskets Used in the Industry
0945 – 1100	Weld Neck Flanges • Slip-on Flanges • Thread Flanges • CG Gaskets •
	CGI Gaskets • Composite Gasket Applications
	Power Screws – Basic Theory Summary
1100 – 1200	Torque Equations • Stiffness of Members • Pre-Tensioning • Bolt Strength
	External Loads Torque vs. Tension
1200 – 1215	Break
1215 – 1245	Bolts/Studs Tightening Methods
	Flogging • Torque Tightening • Bolt Tensioning
1245 - 1330	Torque Requirements and Examples
	What is Torque? • Torque Requirements for Lubricated vs. Non-Lubricated Bolts
1330 - 1420	Tutorial
1420 - 1430	Recap
1430	Lunch & End of Day One

Day 2

Bolt Strength and Preload – Theory and Examples
Gaskets and their Effect in the Flange Joint
Gasket Compressibility • Composite Gaskets
Break
The Effect of Temperature
Expansion • Pre-Tension Relaxation
Bolted Joints in Shear
Misalignment • Pipe Bending Moments Carried by Flanged Joints
Break
Selection of Flanges and Ratings
Flat Face Flanges • Raised Face Flanges • ASME Flange Ratings
Video Presentation
VME-55 "Modern Marvels: Hydraulics"; Time: 50:00 video from Haward
Library
Recap
Lunch & End of Day Two



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Fatigue Loading of Tension Joints and Examples
Long Bolts vs. Normal Bolts
Break
Visit to KPO Facility
The Clients' Own In-House Procedures for Flange Joint Make-up will be
Discussed and a Workshop Demonstration of Hydraulic Torque-up will be
Arranged
Practical Exercise
Practice the Use of ASME/ANSI Charts, Bolting Charts and Torque Charts •
Torque Charts vs. Tension
Break
Practical Exercise
Use a Specific Manufacturers' Catalogue to Choose and Discuss Gasket Types for
Various Applications
Video Presentation
Recap
Lunch & End of Day Three

Day 4

Duy 4	
0730 – 0830	Discussion Session
	Special Cases of Flange Design • Special Flanges at KPO
0830 - 0930	Site Visit Findings and Review
	Discussion Session
0930 - 0945	Break
0945 – 1100	Site Visit Findings and Review
	Discussion Session (cont'd)
1100 - 1200	Introduction to Finite Element (FE) Analysis of a Flange Joint Under the
	Combined Effect of Preload, Pipe Internal Pressure and Temperature
	Stress Levels • Stress Concentrations • Geometry Analysis
1200 – 1215	Break
1215 – 1420	Consequences of Bolt Tightening Deficiencies
	Under-Tight Bolts • Over-Tight Bolts • Flange Rotation • Bolt Necking
1420 – 1430	Recap
1430	Lunch & End of Day Four

Day 5

0730 - 0930	Standard Procedures for the Assembly of Flange Joints Using the Proper Gasket for High Pressure/Temperature Service • Choosing the Right Flange Face • Applying the Proper Specified Bolt Pre-Tension
0930 - 0945	Break
0945 – 1100	Why Joints Fail
	Case Studies
1100 – 1200	Discussion Around Various Aspects of Pipe Restraints and Using Anchors
	at Equipment Flange Connections
1200 – 1215	Break
1215 - 1345	Case Studies
	Fire Started at Flange Joints • Protecting Long Bolts From Fire
1345 – 1400	Course Conclusion
1400 – 1415	POST-TEST
1415 – 1430	Presentation of Course Certificates
1430	Lunch & End of Course



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Practical Sessions

This practical and highly-interactive course includes real-life case studies and exercises:-



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