

COURSE OVERVIEW DE0694 Surface/Subsurface Model Integration

Course Title

Surface/Subsurface Model Integration

Course Date/Venue

Session 1: August 11-15, 2025/Fujairah Meeting Room, Grand Millennium Al Wahda Hotel, Abu Dhabi, UAE

Session 2: December 14-18, 2025/Boardroom 1, Elite Byblos Hotel Al Barsha, Sheikh Zayed Road, Dubai, UAE

Course Reference

DE0694

Course Duration/Credits

Five days/3.0 CEUs/30 PDHs

Course Description





This hands-on, highly-interactive course includes real-life case studies and exercises where participants will be engaged in a series of interactive small groups and class workshops.

This course is intended for geoscientists, engineers and other technical staff who want to analyze and integrate image, log and dip data to enhance their understanding of exploration plays and field development. It leans heavily on worked class examples and case studies. Instead of interpreting image and dip data in isolation, the course shows how they can be used in conjunction with cores, other logs, modern depositional analogues, outcrop studies and hi-resolution seismic data to refine reservoir models.

This course is designed to provide an up-to-date overview on subsurface facies analysis integrating borehole images and well logs with rock physics and seismic data to develop geologic models. It covers the image, dip acquisition and processing; the various exercises with some real data; the guide to image quality; the structural analysis using image and dip data; the various types of sedimentary basins in different tectonic contexts; the large-scale tectonic settings of main types of sedimentary basins and relationship between structural style and fill patterns; and distribution patterns and the correlation in different sedimentary settings.

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By the end of the course, participants will be able to identify the role of analogs in building reservoir models in different depositional settings and the sediment generation and supply in different settings; recognize the fluid dynamics and rheology of erosion, transport and deposition; analyze the basic mechanics of sediment erosion, transport, deposition, resultant bedforms and sedimentary structures; carryout stratigraphic analysis using image and dip data; differentiate eolian sediments, fluvial sediments, and deltaic sediments; illustrate sequence stratigraphy; and recognize carbonate shelf sediments, fracture systems and geothermal systems in volcanic rocks.

Course Objectives

Upon the successful completion of this course, each participant will be able to:-

- Apply and gain an in-depth knowledge on subsurface facies analysis integrating borehole images and well logs with petrophysical and seismic data to develop geologic models
- Discuss the measurement principles and wellsite acquisition including the value of high recognition image data
- Illustrate image processing and display, dip computation and troubleshooting
- Explain the image, dip processing and LQC, image description and interpretation steps and comparison with core photos
- Review the guide to image quality and apply structural analysis using image and dip data
- Identify the types of sedimentary basins in different tectonic contexts
- Recognize the large-scale tectonic settings of main types of sedimentary basins and relationship between structural style and fill patterns
- Describe the distribution patterns and the correlation in different sedimentary settings
- Discuss the role of analogs in building reservoir models in different depositional settings
- Determine sediment generation and supply in different settings as well as the fluid dynamics and rheology of erosion, transport and deposition
- Identify the basic mechanics of sediment erosion, transport, deposition, resultant bedforms and sedimentary structures
- Carryout stratigraphic analysis using image and dip data
- Differentiate eolian sediments, fluvial sediments and deltaic sediments
- Illustrate sequence stratigraphy covering parasequences and basin margin architecture as well as aid to correlation and modelling
- Recognize carbonate shelf sediments and fracture systems
- Describe geothermal systems in volcanic rocks like the lithofacies in volcanic setting







Exclusive Smart Training Kit - H-STK®



Participants of this course will receive the exclusive "Haward Smart Training Kit" (**H-STK**®). The **H-STK**® consists of a comprehensive set of technical content which includes **electronic version** of the course materials conveniently saved in a **Tablet PC**.

Who Should Attend

This course is intended for geoscientists, engineers and other technical staff who want to analyze and integrate image, log and dip data to enhance their understanding of exploration plays and field development.

Training Methodology

All our Courses are including **Hands-on Practical Sessions** using equipment, State-of-the-Art Simulators, Drawings, Case Studies, Videos and Exercises. The courses include the following training methodologies as a percentage of the total tuition hours:-

30% Lectures

20% Practical Workshops & Work Presentations

30% Hands-on Practical Exercises & Case Studies

20% Simulators (Hardware & Software) & Videos

In an unlikely event, the course instructor may modify the above training methodology before or during the course for technical reasons.

Course Fee

US\$ 8,000 per Delegate + **VAT**. This rate includes H-STK[®] (Haward Smart Training Kit), buffet lunch, coffee/tea on arrival, morning & afternoon of each day.

Accommodation

Accommodation is not included in the course fees. However, any accommodation required can be arranged at the time of booking.







Course Certificate(s)

Internationally recognized certificates will be issued to all participants of the course who completed a minimum of 80% of the total tuition hours

Certificate Accreditations

Certificates are accredited by the following international accreditation organizations: -

• *** *BAC

British Accreditation Council (BAC)

Haward Technology is accredited by the **British Accreditation Council** for **Independent Further and Higher Education** as an **International Centre**. BAC is the British accrediting body responsible for setting standards within independent further and higher education sector in the UK and overseas. As a BAC-accredited international centre, Haward Technology meets all of the international higher education criteria and standards set by BAC.

• ACCREDITED
PROVIDER

The International Accreditors for Continuing Education and Training (IACET - USA)

Haward Technology is an Authorized Training Provider by the International Accreditors for Continuing Education and Training (IACET), 2201 Cooperative Way, Suite 600, Herndon, VA 20171, USA. In obtaining this authority, Haward Technology has demonstrated that it complies with the **ANSI/IACET 2018-1 Standard** which is widely recognized as the standard of good practice internationally. As a result of our Authorized Provider membership status, Haward Technology is authorized to offer IACET CEUs for its programs that qualify under the **ANSI/IACET 2018-1 Standard**.

Haward Technology's courses meet the professional certification and continuing education requirements for participants seeking **Continuing Education Units** (CEUs) in accordance with the rules & regulations of the International Accreditors for Continuing Education & Training (IACET). IACET is an international authority that evaluates programs according to strict, research-based criteria and guidelines. The CEU is an internationally accepted uniform unit of measurement in qualified courses of continuing education.

Haward Technology Middle East will award **3.0 CEUs** (Continuing Education Units) or **30 PDHs** (Professional Development Hours) for participants who completed the total tuition hours of this program. One CEU is equivalent to ten Professional Development Hours (PDHs) or ten contact hours of the participation in and completion of Haward Technology programs. A permanent record of a participant's involvement and awarding of CEU will be maintained by Haward Technology. Haward Technology will provide a copy of the participant's CEU and PDH Transcript of Records upon request.





Course Instructor(s)

This course will be conducted by the following instructor(s). However, we have the right to change the course instructor(s) prior to the course date and inform participants accordingly:



Mr. Konstantin Zorbalas, MSc, BSc, is a Senior Petroleum Engineer & Well Completions Specialist with over 30 years of offshore and onshore experience in the Oil & Gas, Refinery & Petrochemical industries. His wide expertise includes Workovers & Completions, Petroleum Risk & Decision Analysis, Acidizing Application in Sandstone & Carbonate, Well Testing Analysis,

Stimulation Operations, Reserves Evaluation, Reservoir Fluid Properties, Reservoir Engineering & Simulation Studies, Reservoir Monitoring, Artificial Lift Design, Gas Operations, Workover/Remedial Operations & Heavy Oil Technology, Applied Water Technology, Oil & Gas Production, X-mas Tree & Wellhead Operations & Testing, Artificial Lift Systems (Gas Lift, ESP, and Rod Pumping), Well Cementing, Production Optimization, Production Operations, Well Completion Design, Sand Control, PLT Correlation, Slickline Operations, Acid Stimulation, Well testing, Production Logging, Project Evaluation & Economic Analysis. Further, he is actively involved in Project Management with special emphasis in production technology and field optimization, performing conceptual studies, economic analysis with risk assessment and field development planning. He is currently the Senior Petroleum Engineer & Consultant of National Oil Company wherein he is involved in the mega-mature fields in the Arabian Gulf, predominantly carbonate reservoirs; designing the acid stimulation treatments with post-drilling rigless operations; utilizing CT with tractors and DTS systems; and he is responsible for gas production and preparing for reservoir engineering and simulation studies, well testing activities, field and reservoir monitoring, production logging and optimization and well completion design.

During his career life, Mr. Zorbalas worked as a Senior Production Engineer, Well Completion Specialist, Production Manager, Project Manager, Technical Manager, Technical Supervisor & Contracts Manager, Production Engineer, Production Supervisor, Production Technologist, Technical Specialist, Business Development Analyst, Field Production Engineer and Field Engineer. He worked for many world-class oil/gas companies such as ZADCO, ADMA-OPCO, Oilfield International Ltd, Burlington Resources (later acquired by Conoco Phillips), MOBIL E&P, Saudi Aramco, Pluspetrol E&P SA, Wintershall, Taylor Energy, Schlumberger, Rowan Drilling and Yukos EP where he was in-charge of the design and technical analysis of a gas plant with capacity 1.8 billion m3/yr gas. His achievements include boosting oil production 17.2% per year since 1999 using ESP and Gas Lift systems.

Mr. Zorbalas has Master's and Bachelor's degree in Petroleum Engineering from the Mississippi State University, USA. Further, he is an SPE Certified Petroleum Engineer, Certified Instructor/Trainer, a Certified Internal Verifier/Assessor/Trainer by the Institute of Leadership & Management (ILM), an active member of the Society of Petroleum Engineers (SPE) and has numerous scientific and technical publications and delivered innumerable training courses, seminars and workshops worldwide.







Course Program

The following program is planned for this course. However, the course instructor(s) may modify this program before or during the course for technical reasons with no prior notice to participants. Nevertheless, the course objectives will always be met:

Day 1

Day I	
0730 - 0800	Registration & Coffee
0800 - 0815	Welcome & Introduction
0815 - 0830	PRE-TEST
	Image & Dip Acquisition & Processing
0830 - 0930	Measurement Principles and Wellsite Acquisition • Value of High-Resolution Image
	Data • Image Processing & Display • Dip Computation and Troubleshooting
0930 - 0945	Break
	Exercise with Some Real Data
0945 - 1100	Image & Dip Processing and LQC • Image Description & Interpretation Steps •
	Comparison with Core Photos and Description
1100 – 1215	Guide to Image Quality
1100 - 1213	Excercises in Bad Borehole and Tool Responses
1215 – 1230	Break
	Structural Analysis Using Image & Dip Data
1230 - 1330	Structural Dip Trends and Structural Dip Removal • Unconformities • Normal and
	Growth Faults • Reverse and Thrust Faults • Are Faults Sealing?
1330 - 1420	Types of Sedimentary Basins in Different Tectonic Contexts
1420 - 1430	Recap
1430	Lunch & End of Day One

Dav 2

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0730 - 0930	Large-Scale Tectonic Settings of Main Types of Sedimentary Basins and
	Relationship Between Structural Style and Fill Patterns
0930 - 0945	Break
0945 - 1100	Distribution Patterns
1100 – 1215	Correlation in Different Sedimentary Settings
1215 – 1230	Break
1230 – 1420	Role of Analogs in Building Reservoir Models in Different Depositional
	Settings
1420 - 1430	Recap
1430	Lunch & End of Day Two

Day 3

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0730 - 0930	Sediment Generation & Supply in Different Settings
0930 - 0945	Break
0945 - 1100	Fluid Dynamics & Rheology of Erosion, Transport & Deposition
1100 – 1215	Basic Mechanics of Sediment Erosion, Transport, & Deposition; Resultant
	Bedforms & Sedimentary Structures
1215 - 1230	Break
1230 – 1420	Stratigraphic Analysis Using Image & Dip Data
	Depositional Environments & Facies Analysis • Lithofacies from Log & Image Data
	• Lithology, Grain Size Variation, Need to Integrate • Geometry • Sedimentary
	Structures • Paleocurrent Directions • Integration & Modelling at the Field Level
1420 – 1430	Recap
1430	End of Day Three







Day 4

0730 - 0930	Eolian (Wind-Blown) Sediments
	Sedimentary Structures & Dune Forms • Complexities in Deposition Setting &
	Stratigraphic Section • Building Reservoir Model & Populating with Data •
	Outcrap Studies as Input to Reservoir Simulation
0930 - 0945	Break
	Fluvial Sediments
	Fluvial Settings (Various Models) • Braided System Lithotypes & Sedimentary
0045 1100	Features • Meandering System Lithotypes & Sedimentary Features • Point Bar
0945 - 1100	Development (Predictions) • Channel Models as Developed by Geostatistics •
	Channel Models Constrained by Outcrap Analogues • Correlation and Sequence
	Stratigraphic Considerations
	Deltaic Sediments
	Delta Classifications and Models • Associated Sand Geometries • Image & Dip
1100 – 1215	Character in Distributary Fronts & Channels • Case Study from South Sumatra
	Basin; Developing a Play Concept to Identify Most Prospective Area Within
	Structural Closure
1215 - 1230	Break
1220 1420	Sequence Stratigraphy
1230 - 1420	Parasequences & Basin Margin Architecture • Aid to Correlation & Modelling
1420 – 1430	Recap
1430	End of Day Four

Day 5

Day 5	
0730 - 0930	Carbonate Shelf Sediments
	Carbonate Models and *Facies in Coastal and Shelf Settings • Carbonate Reefs,
	and Orienting Reefal Trends • Porosity Enhancement and Reduction •
	Sequence Stratigraphy in Carbonate Sequences • Generating Reservoir Model
	from Outcrop Data and 3D Seismic
0930 - 0945	Break
	Fracture Systems
0045 1100	Fracture Types; Open, Healed, Vuggy, Syneresis • Natural or Induced: Borehole
0945 – 1100	Breakout & Tensile Fractures • Impacts on Planning Fracture Jobs for
	Stimulation • Fracture Orientation
1100 - 1215	Fractured Reservoir Case Studies
	Case Study: Identifying & Evaluating Producing Horizons in Fractured Basement
	Offshore Vietnam • Case Study: Simulation of a Producing Fracture System in a
	Mid-East Giant
1215 – 1230	Break
	Geothermal Systems in Volcanic Rocks (Optional)
1230 – 1345	Lithofacies in Volcanic Settings • Case Study: Using Images to Resolve
	Reservoir Delineation and Development Issues
1345 – 1400	Course Conclusion
1400 – 1415	POST-TEST
1415 – 1430	Presentation of Course Certificates
1430	End of Course







Practical Sessions

This hands-on, highly-interactive course includes the real-life case studies and exercises:-



<u>Course Coordinator</u>
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