

COURSE OVERVIEW DE0087 Fractured Reservoir Characterization

Course Title

Fractured Reservoir Characterization

Course Date/Venue

Session 1: July 06-10, 2025/Meeting Plus 8, City Centre Rotana Doha Hotel, Doha, Qatar

Session 2: November 16-20, 2025/Meeting Plus 8, City Centre Rotana Doha Hotel, Doha, Qatar

Course Reference

DE0087

Course Duration/Credits

Five days/3.0 CEUs/30 PDHs

Course Description



This practical and highly-interactive course includes real-life case studies and exercises where participants will be engaged in a series of interactive small groups and class workshops.



More than fifty percent of the petroleum reservoirs are in carbonate rocks. In the Middle East, it is estimated that this number increases to seventy percent. A great number of these reservoirs are naturally fractured, e.g., Ghawar field, in Saudi Arabia, Cantarell field in Mexico and Yates field in the USA. These are three of the largest fields in the world. The interest in such fields has grown tremendously.



The presence of extensive networks of natural fractures creates a number of challenges for evaluating and optimizing recovery from naturally fractured reservoirs. The use of dual porosity or dual permeability models is often necessary, providing the basis for both analytical methods (such as used for pressure transient analysis) as well as for reservoir simulation. Appropriate application of dual porosity and dual permeability models, however, rely on: a) accurate representation of the fracture system as an equivalent porous and permeable medium, and b) accurate determination of the rates of fluid transport between matrix blocks and the fracture system.





















This course is designed to provide different approaches for evaluation and characterization of heterogeneous naturally fractured carbonate reservoirs by wire-line log, core analysis and well testing. Different methods for modelling and dynamic simulation of naturally fractured reservoirs and case histories will be reviewed including multiple porosity model with structured grids and single porosity with unstructured grids. Production data analysis of unconventional reservoirs will also be reviewed.

The course covers the fractured reservoirs, learn how to recognize and evaluate natural fractured reservoir; the overall effect of natural fractures on subsurface fluid-flow; the techniques that employ outcrop and subsurface rock data; the methods for controlling shortterm and long-term performance in fractured reservoirs; the various types of data necessary to evaluate and manage them; and the geologic aspects, origin and classification of fractured reservoirs.

During this interactive course, participants will learn the geologic aspects and petrophysics properties of carbonate rock; the overall effect of natural fractures on subsurface fluid-flow; the reservoir characterization principals and techniques that employ outcrop and subsurface rock data; the types of data necessary to characterize the natural fracture reservoir and the modelling work flow; the fracture reservoir characterizing model can be constructed emphazing on carbonate; the methods for controlling short-term and long-term performance in fractured reservoirs; and the geologic aspects, petrophysics and rock properties.

Course Objectives

Upon the successful completion of this course, each participant will be able to:-

- Apply and gain an in-depth knowledge on fractured reservoir characterization with emphasis on carbonates
- Classify fractured reservoirs, learn how to recognize and evaluate natural fractured reservoir
- Predict the overall effect of natural fractures on subsurface fluid-flow
- Illustrate techniques that employ outcrop and subsurface rock data
- Carryout methods for controlling short-term and long-term performance in fractured reservoirs
- Identify the various types of data necessary to evaluate and manage them
- Discuss the geologic aspects, origin and classification of fractured reservoirs
- Discuss the geologic aspects and petrophysics properties of carbonate rock.
- Predicting the overall effect of natural fractures on subsurface fluid-flow
- Learn how to recognize and evaluate natural fractured reservoir.
- Discuss the reservoir characterization principals and techniques that employ outcrop and subsurface rock data.
- Discuss the types of data necessary to characterize the natural fracture reservoir and the modelling work flow.
- Discuss how fracture reservoir characterizing model can be constructed emphazing on carbonate
- Explain methods for controlling short-term and long-term performance in fractured reservoirs.
- Discuss the geologic aspects, petrophysics and rock properties

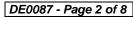






















Exclusive Smart Training Kit - H-STK®



Participants of this course will receive the exclusive "Haward Smart Training Kit" (H-STK®). The H-STK® consists of a comprehensive set of technical content which includes electronic version of the course materials conveniently saved in a Tablet PC.

Who Should Attend

This course provides an overview of all significant aspects and considerations of fractured reservoir characterization with emphasis on carbonates for geologists, petrophysicists, geophysicists and reservoir engineers involved in the development and management of fractured carbonate reservoirs.

Training Methodology

All our Courses are including Hands-on Practical Sessions using equipment, State-of-the-Art Simulators, Drawings, Case Studies, Videos and Exercises. The courses include the following training methodologies as a percentage of the total tuition hours:-

30% Lectures

20% Practical Workshops & Work Presentations

30% Hands-on Practical Exercises & Case Studies

20% Simulators (Hardware & Software) & Videos

In an unlikely event, the course instructor may modify the above training methodology before or during the course for technical reasons.

Course Fee

US\$ 8,500 per Delegate. This rate includes H-STK® (Haward Smart Training Kit), buffet lunch, coffee/tea on arrival, morning & afternoon of each day

Accommodation

Accommodation is not included in the course fees. However, any accommodation required can be arranged at the time of booking.

Course Certificate(s)

Internationally recognized certificates will be issued to all participants of the course who completed a minimum of 80% of the total tuition hours.



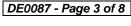




















Certificate Accreditations

Certificates are accredited by the following international accreditation organizations: -

The International Accreditors for Continuing Education and Training (IACET - USA)

Haward Technology is an Authorized Training Provider by the International Accreditors for Continuing Education and Training (IACET), 2201 Cooperative Way, Suite 600, Herndon, VA 20171, USA. In obtaining this authority, Haward Technology has demonstrated that it complies with the ANSI/IACET 2018-1 Standard which is widely recognized as the standard of good practice internationally. As a result of our Authorized Provider membership status, Haward Technology is authorized to offer IACET CEUs for its programs that qualify under the ANSI/IACET 2018-1 Standard.

Haward Technology's courses meet the professional certification and continuing education requirements for participants seeking Continuing Education Units (CEUs) in accordance with the rules & regulations of the International Accreditors for Continuing Education & Training (IACET). IACET is an international authority that evaluates programs according to strict, research-based criteria and guidelines. The CEU is an internationally accepted uniform unit of measurement in qualified courses of continuing education.

Haward Technology Middle East will award 3.0 CEUs (Continuing Education Units) or 30 PDHs (Professional Development Hours) for participants who completed the total tuition hours of this program. One CEU is equivalent to ten Professional Development Hours (PDHs) or ten contact hours of the participation in and completion of Haward Technology programs. A permanent record of a participant's involvement and awarding of CEU will be maintained by Haward Technology. Haward Technology will provide a copy of the participant's CEU and PDH Transcript of Records upon request.



Haward Technology is accredited by the British Accreditation Council for Independent Further and Higher Education as an International Centre. BAC is the British accrediting body responsible for setting standards within independent further and higher education sector in the UK and overseas. As a BAC-accredited international centre, Haward Technology meets all of the international higher education criteria and standards set by BAC.

















Course Instructor(s)

This course will be conducted by the following instructor(s). However, we have the right to change the course instructor(s) prior to the course date and inform participants accordingly:



Dr. Steve Ehrenberg, PhD, MSc, BSc, is a Senior Geologist & Reservoir Engineer with 45 years of extensive experience within the Oil & Gas, Petrochemical and Refinery industries. His wide experience covers in the areas of Core & Log Integration, Water Saturation, Coring & Core Analysis, Special Core Analysis, Log Interpretation, Cased-Hole Logging, Core Calibration, Core Analysis, Core-to-Log Data Integration (SCAL), Wireline Logging, Mud Logging, Cased Hole Logging, Production Logging, Well Reservoir Management, Reservoir Logaina. Appraisal

Development, Carbonate Reservoir Management, Fractured Reservoirs Evaluation & Management, Naturally Fractured Reservoir, Integrated Carbonate Reservoir Characterization, Geological Modelling, Reservoir Characterization, Geomodelling. Development Geology, Petroleum Geology. **Exploration** Production, Structural Geology, Wellsite Geology, Analytic Modelling Methods, Geophysics, Geophysical Exploration, Sedimentary Geology, Engineering, Reservoir Engineering Applications, Reservoir Engineering & Stimulation, Reservoir Characterization, Clastic Reservoir, Carbonate Reservoir Petrology, Subsurface Facies Analysis, Borehole Images, Geophysical Methods, Oil & Gas Exploration, Marine & Petroleum Geology, Reservoir Performance Using Classical Methods, Fractured Reservoir Evaluation & Management, Reservoir Surveillance & Management, Reservoir Monitoring, Volumetrics, Water Drive Reservoir, Reservoir Evaluation, Well Surveillance, Well Testing, Well Testing & Oil Well Performance, Well Log Interpretation (WLI), Rock Physics & Seismic Data, Formation Evaluation, Well Testing & Data Interpretation, Pore Pressure Prediction and Oil & Gas Reserves Estimations, Well Workover Supervision, Description and Prediction of Reservoir Quality, Sequence **Stratigraphy** of Carbonate Systems and Introductory Geology.

During his career life, Dr. Ehrenberg held significant positions and dedication as Consultant, Professor, Senior Reservoir Geologist, Senior Geologist, Research Associate Professor, Assistant **Professor** Instructor/Trainer from various international companies and universities such as the Badley Ashton & Associates Ltd., Khalifa University of Science and Technology, Sultan Qaboos University, PanTerra Geoconsultants B.V, UAE University, Statoil, Stavanger, Shell Development Company and Northern Illinois University.

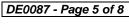
Dr. Ehrenberg has a PhD, Master's and Bachelor's degree in Geology from the University of California, USA and Occidental College, USA, respectively. Further, he is a Certified Trainer/Assessor/Internal Verifier by the Institute of Leadership & Management (ILM), a Certified Instructor/Trainer and has delivered numerous trainings, workshops, courses, seminars and conferences internationally.



















Course Program

The following program is planned for this course. However, the course instructor(s) may modify this program before or during the course for technical reasons with no prior notice to participants. Nevertheless, the course objectives will always be met:

Day 1

Registration & Coffee
Welcome & Introductions
PRE-TEST
Fracture Reservoir
Definition • Origin
Break
Fracture Reservoir (cont'd)
Classification ● Character
Hydrocarbon Reservoir Properties
Definition
Break
Hydrocarbon Reservoir Properties (cont'd)
Petrophysical Characters
Recap
Lunch & End of Day One

Day 2

0730 - 0930	Hydrocarbon Reservoir Properties (cont'd)
	Geological Aspects
0930 - 0945	Break
0945 – 1100	Carbonate Rock
	Definition ● Origin
1100 – 1200	Carbonate Rock (cont'd)
	Classification
1200 - 1215	Break
1215 – 1420	Carbonate Rock (cont'd)
	Geological Aspects
1420 - 1430	Recap
1430	Lunch & End of Day Two

Day 3

0730 - 0930	Carbonate Rock (cont'd)
	Petrophysical Character
0930 - 0945	Break
0945 - 1100	Reservoir Modeling
	Definition ● Purpose
1100 – 1200	Reservoir Modeling (cont'd)
	Source of Information
1200 - 1215	Break
1215 – 1350	Reservoir Modeling (cont'd)
	Workflow
1420 - 1430	Recap
1430	Lunch & End of Day Three























Day 4

0730 – 0930	Natural Fracture Reservoir Modeling
	Introduction
0930 - 0945	Break
0945 – 1100	Natural Fracture Reservoir Modeling (cont'd)
	Indications of Presence of Fractures in Reservoir
1100 – 1200	Natural Fracture Reservoir Modeling (cont'd)
	Application of Work Flow
	Surface Outcrops • Coring Analysis
1200 - 1215	Break
1215 – 1350	Natural Fracture Reservoir Modeling (cont'd)
	Application of Work Flow (cont'd)
	Petrophysical Analysis • Coring & Petrophysical Analysis Integration
1420 - 1430	Recap
1430	Lunch & End of Day Four

Day 5

Day 5	
0730 – 0930	Natural Fracture Reservoir Modeling (cont'd) Application of Work Flow (cont'd) Construction Petrophysical Modeling • Geophysical Technology • Construction Geological & Structure Modeling
0930 - 0945	Break
0945 - 1100	Natural Fractures in Field Development
1100 – 1200	Methods for Controlling Short-Term & Long-Term Performance in Fractured Reservoirs
1200 – 1215	Break
1215 - 1330	Case Studies
1345 – 1400	Course Conclusion
1400 - 1415	POST-TEST
1415 – 1430	Presentation of Course Certificates
1430	Lunch & End of Course























Practical Sessions

This practical and highly-interactive course includes real-life case studies and exercises:-



<u>Course Coordinator</u>
Reem Dergham, Tel: +974 4423 1327, Email: <u>reem@haward.org</u>

