

COURSE OVERVIEW PE0620 Polyethylene & Polypropylene Manufacturing & Process Troubleshooting

Course Title

Polyethylene & Polypropylene Manufacturing & Process Troubleshooting

Course Reference

PE0620

Course Duration/Credits

Five days/3.0 CEUs/30 PDHs



Course Date/Venue

Session(s)	Date	Venue
1	February 08-12, 2026	Meeting Plus 9, City Centre Rotana, Doha, Qatar
2	July 19-23, 2026	Tamra Meeting Room, Al Bandar Rotana Creek, Dubai, UAE
3	October 25-29, 2026	Meeting Plus 9, City Centre Rotana, Doha, Qatar

Course Description



This practical and highly-interactive course includes various practical sessions and exercises. Theory learnt will be applied using our state-of-the-art simulators.



Polyethylene and polypropylene are the synthetics champions. These inert, food-friendly and easy-to-recycle materials make up more than half of our 'plastic' world. They are economic to produce, the scale of production is enormous and offer security of supply along with diversification in hundreds of different grades. But it is not just a matter of quantity that underlies their popularity. Quality is also a key component.



The properties of polyethylene and polypropylene make them exceptionally well suited for the processing to all kinds of packaging, from wraps to bags and from crates to bottles and vessels. The intrinsic absence of food-contamination risks plus their substantial strength makes them safe in many important respects.

Nowadays, polyethylene and polypropylene are increasingly becoming a rival to engineering plastics and, to a lesser extent, classical elastomers. This is primarily attributable to their flexibility. The stiffness and toughness of polyethylene and polypropylene can be varied using modern catalysts or developing blends and making compounds with fillers, fibres and nano-particles, and thus intrinsically improve the polyethylene and polypropylene.

These materials are tending to replace the heavier steel or aluminium used in car construction to dramatically reduce the weight of the car and improving its fuel economy. Polyethylene, with ultra-high molecular weight, is already well known as the raw material for super strong fibres (Dyneema) and new uses are also being developed in knee and hip prostheses (patented by DPI). The inertness that is so crucial to food-packaging is also a key factor in medical applications. Polyethylene and Polypropylene have found a place in the world of fibres and fabrics. Carpets with a polypropylene underside are quite common, but the carpet's upper side can also be made from it. Further, they are also used in special sportswear, gloves, ropes, woven bags, etc. Not forgetting the special foams, made of low-density polyethylene, used in many cars to make them safe and comfortable.

All of these applications, and more, are made possible by a vast research force around the world working on these materials, leading to more applications, new insights into molecular structures and the kind of properties that may be expected from a variety of processing techniques. A wide variety of technologies produces the different polyethylene and polypropylene, either by catalysis or initiated by radicals. With new catalysts being discovered every year, the production technologies are being steadily modernised. Recently, important progress has been made in the modeling of catalytically active surfaces and catalysts, particularly in the field of metallocenes. The polyethylene and polypropylene industry are now at a crossroads with a revolution directly attributable to these metallocenes. The metallocene constrained geometry catalysts offer the control of the polyolefin structure and molecular weight as never before witnessed. New polymers based on propylene and ethylene are still evolving and sometimes new monomers enter fields where special properties are a must, like optics (polymethylpentene) and special elastomers (copolyethylene/norbornene).

This course is designed to present the structure, morphology, and properties of polyethylene and polypropylene synthesis. It focuses on synthetic advances, the use of additives, polyolefin blends, composites and fibers, and surface treatment, including a discussion of the problem of interfacial and superficial phenomena. The course considers both the primary industrial and more novel routes of synthesis. It examines new additives, including stabilizers, nucleating and clarifying agents, fillers and reinforcements, and coupling agents. It also describes thermodynamic properties of polyethylene and polypropylene solutions, explains functionalized and controlled lifetime polyolefins and more.

The Polyethylene and Polypropylene manufacturing process covered by this course use ethylene and propylene feedstocks from refinery crackers to produce polyethylene or polypropylene. No other feedstocks sources will be discussed.

Course Objectives

Upon the successful completion of this course, each participant will be able to:

- Apply a comprehensive knowledge and skills in polyethylene & polypropylene manufacturing and troubleshoot manufacturing process
- Characterize and differentiate the mechanical properties of polyethylene & polypropylene
- Discuss the crystallography of polyethylene & polypropylene and describe the structural hierarchy and morphology of single crystals

- Compare the properties of copolymers and blends, and describe the polymer melt processing including its rheological properties and orientation in flowing polymer melts
- Demonstrate familiarity of catalyst technology, additives and the health, safety and environmental concerns related to the manufacturing and processing of polyethylene and polypropylene.

Exclusive Smart Training Kit - H-STK®



*Participants of this course will receive the exclusive “Haward Smart Training Kit” (H-STK®). The H-STK® consists of a comprehensive set of technical content which includes **electronic version** of the course materials conveniently saved in a **Tablet PC**.*

Who Should Attend

This course provides an overview of all significant aspects and considerations of polyethylene and polypropylene manufacturing and process troubleshooting for process, chemical, operation, design and production engineers and technical staff. Further, the course is suitable for environmental, laboratory, R&D and R&T staff including chemists, scientists, analysts, technologist, technicians and environmental professionals.

Training Methodology

All our Courses are including **Hands-on Practical Sessions** using equipment, State-of-the-Art Simulators, Drawings, Case Studies, Videos and Exercises. The courses include the following training methodologies as a percentage of the total tuition hours:-

- 30% Lectures
- 20% Practical Workshops & Work Presentations
- 30% Hands-on Practical Exercises & Case Studies
- 20% Simulators (Hardware & Software) & Videos

In an unlikely event, the course instructor may modify the above training methodology before or during the course for technical reasons.

Accommodation

Accommodation is not included in the course fees. However, any accommodation required can be arranged at the time of booking.

Course Fee

Dubai	US\$ 5,500 per Delegate + VAT . This rate includes H-STK® (Haward Smart Training Kit), buffet lunch, coffee/tea on arrival, morning & afternoon of each day.
Doha	US\$ 6,000 per Delegate. This rate includes H-STK® (Haward Smart Training Kit), buffet lunch, coffee/tea on arrival, morning & afternoon of each day.

Course Certificate(s)

Internationally recognized certificates will be issued to all participants of the course who completed a minimum of 80% of the total tuition hours.

Certificate Accreditations

Haward's certificates are accredited by the following international accreditation organizations:

-  British Accreditation Council (BAC)

Haward Technology is accredited by the **British Accreditation Council** for **Independent Further and Higher Education** as an **International Centre**. Haward's certificates are internationally recognized and accredited by the British Accreditation Council (BAC). BAC is the British accrediting body responsible for setting standards within independent further and higher education sector in the UK and overseas. As a BAC-accredited international centre, Haward Technology meets all of the international higher education criteria and standards set by BAC.

-  The International Accreditors for Continuing Education and Training (IACET - USA)

Haward Technology is an Authorized Training Provider by the International Accreditors for Continuing Education and Training (IACET), 2201 Cooperative Way, Suite 600, Herndon, VA 20171, USA. In obtaining this authority, Haward Technology has demonstrated that it complies with the **ANSI/IACET 2018-1 Standard** which is widely recognized as the standard of good practice internationally. As a result of our Authorized Provider membership status, Haward Technology is authorized to offer IACET CEUs for its programs that qualify under the **ANSI/IACET 2018-1 Standard**.

Haward Technology's courses meet the professional certification and continuing education requirements for participants seeking **Continuing Education Units** (CEUs) in accordance with the rules & regulations of the International Accreditors for Continuing Education & Training (IACET). IACET is an international authority that evaluates programs according to strict, research-based criteria and guidelines. The CEU is an internationally accepted uniform unit of measurement in qualified courses of continuing education.

Haward Technology Middle East will award **3.0 CEUs** (Continuing Education Units) or **30 PDHs** (Professional Development Hours) for participants who completed the total tuition hours of this program. One CEU is equivalent to ten Professional Development Hours (PDHs) or ten contact hours of the participation in and completion of Haward Technology programs. A permanent record of a participant's involvement and awarding of CEU will be maintained by Haward Technology. Haward Technology will provide a copy of the participant's CEU and PDH Transcript of Records upon request.

Course Instructor(s)

This course will be conducted by the following instructor(s). However, we have the right to change the course instructor(s) prior to the course date and inform participants accordingly:



Mr. Henry Beer is a **Senior Process Engineer** with over **35 years** of indepth industrial experience within the **Petrochemical, Oil & Gas** industries specializing in **Hydrocarbon Process Equipment, DOX Unit Operation & Troubleshooting, Polyethylene & Polypropylene Processing, Oil Movement Storage & Troubleshooting, Power Plant Chemistry, Fuel Quality Monitoring System Fundamentals, Liquid Bulk Cargo Handling, Oil Refinery Cost Management, Flare & Blowdown Operation, Pressure Relief Systems Maintenance & Troubleshooting, Refinery SRU, Tail Gas Treating, Sour Water & Amine Recovery Units, Propylene Compressor and Turbine, Clean Fuel Technology & Standards, Principles of Operations Planning, Heat Exchangers & Fired Heaters Operation & Troubleshooting, Plastic Extrusion Technology Operation & Troubleshooting, Chemical Engineering for Non-Chemical Engineers, Process Plant Troubleshooting, Process Plant Optimization Technology, Engineering Problem Solving, Process Plant Performance & Efficiency, Process Plant Start-up & Shutdown, Process Plant Commissioning, Process Plant Turn-around & Shutdown, Pumps & Compressors Troubleshooting, Fired Heaters & Air Coolers Maintenance, Pressure Vessels & Valves Repair, Polymers, Plastics, Polyolefin & Catalysts, Polymerization, Thermal Analysis Techniques, Rheology, Thermoplastics, Thermosets, Coating Systems and Fibre Reinforced Polymer Matrix Composites**. Further, he is also well-versed in **Water Hydraulic Modelling, Efficient Shutdowns, Turnaround & Outages, Pump Selection and Installation, Operation and Maintenance of Pumps, Demand & Supply Management, Catalyst Manufacturing Techniques, Fuel Systems Management, Aviation Fuel, Diesel, Jet Fuel, Petrol and IP Octane, Cetane Control** and related Logistics, Road, Rail and Pipeline Distribution, **Process Design and Optimisation, Boiler Feed Water Preparation, Flocculation Sedimentation, Hot Lime Water Softening Processes, Desalination Processes, Reverse Osmosis, Molecular Sieves, activated Sludge Aerobic/Anaerobic, Sludge Removal and Incineration Process Control, Domestic Sewage Plants Optimisation, Process Cooling Water System, High Pressure and Low Pressure Tank Farm Management, Hydrocarbon and Chemical products and GTL (Gas to Liquids)**.

During his career life, Mr. Beer holds significant key positions such as the **Director, Global Commissioning Manager, Process Engineering Manager, Senior Business Analyst, Process Engineer, Chemical Engineer, Senior Technician, Technical Sales Engineer, Entrepreneur, Financial Consultant, Business Analyst, Business Financial Planner and Independent Financial Planner** to various international companies such as the **Sasol, SASOLChem, TAG Solvents, Virgin Solvent Products, SARS & SAPIA (South African Petroleum Industry Association)** and **RFS Financial Services (Pty) Ltd.**



Course Program

The following program is planned for this course. However, the course instructor(s) may modify this program before or during the course for technical reasons with no prior notice to participants. Nevertheless, the course objectives will always be met:

Day 1

0730 – 0800	Registration & Coffee
0800 – 0815	Welcome & Introduction
0815 – 0830	PRE-TEST
0830 – 0930	Introduction to Polyolefins Polyethylene (HDPE, LDPE, LLDPE, UHMWPE, etc.) • Isotactic Polypropylene • Isotactic Polybutene-I • Isotactic Polymers of Higher Olefins and Poly(4-Methyl Pentene-1) • Ethylene-Propylene • Ziegler-Natta Metallocene Polymerization and Free Radical Polymerization Processes
0930 – 0945	Break
0945 – 1100	Introduction to Polyolefins (cont'd) Polymerization Processes & Stereo-Regularity Control • Syndiotactic Polypropylene • Cyclopolyolefins • New Metallocene Polyolefin Copolymers • Current Production Levels • Bulk Polymer Properties and Chemical Stability
1100 – 1230	Characterization Methods of Polyethylene & Polypropylene Asymmetric Carbon Atoms and Tacticity • Crystallinity • Crystal Structure • Chain Conformation in Crystals
1230 – 1245	Break
1245 – 1420	Characterization Methods of Polyethylene & Polypropylene (cont'd) Molecular Weight Distribution • Orientation • Superstructure
1420 – 1430	Recap
1430	Lunch & End of Day One

Day 2

0730 – 0900	Mechanical Properties of Polyethylene & Polypropylene Introduction • Stress and Small Strain Elasticity • Influence of Molecular Weight • Influence of temperature • Influence of Crystallinity and Comparisons to Other Materials
0900 – 0915	Break
0915 – 1100	Mechanical Properties of Polyethylene & Polypropylene (cont'd) Uniaxial Large Strain Behavior • Mechanical Properties of Melt-Spun/Drawn Fibers • High Modulus Polyolefin fibers • Mechanical Properties of Films • Mechanical Property Modification by Copolymerization and Blending
1100 – 1230	Crystallography of Polyethylene & Polypropylene Introduction • Early Investigation of Low Molecular Weight Paraffinic Compounds • Polyethylene • Isotactic Polypropylene • Syndiotactic Polypropylene
1230 – 1245	Break
1245 – 1420	Single Crystals: Structural Hierarchy and Morphology Introduction • Polyethylene • Isotactic Polypropylene • Syndiotactic Polypropylene
1420 – 1430	Recap
1430	Lunch & End of Day Two



Day 3

0730 – 0900	Spherulites and Quiescent Crystallization Introduction • Spherulites
0900 – 0915	Break
0915 – 1100	Spherulites and Quiescent Crystallization (cont'd) Quiescent Crystallization Kinetics • Time-Temperature Transformation and Continuous Cooling Transformation Plots
1100 – 1230	Copolymers and Blends Stereoblock Copolymers • Copolymers of Polyethylene
1230 – 1245	Break
1245 – 1420	Copolymers and Blends (cont'd) Copolymers of Polypropylene • Blends
1420 – 1430	Recap
1430	Lunch & End of Day Three

Day 4

0730 – 0900	Polymer Melt Processing, Rheological Properties and Orientation in Flowing Polymer Melts Introduction • Polymer Melt Processing Technology • Rheological Properties of Polymer Melts • Effects of Additives • Early Observations of Flow Birefringence
0900 – 0915	Break
0915 – 1100	Polymer Melt Processing, Rheological Properties and Orientation in Flowing Polymer Melts (cont'd) Flow Birefringence and Stress • Stress Optical Coefficients and Molecular Structure • Orientation Factors and Stress Melts • Flow in Dies
1100 – 1230	Melt Spinning Introduction • Melt Spinning Process • Dynamics, Heat Transfer, and Modeling in Melt Spinning • Melt Flow Instabilities
1230 – 1245	Break
1245 – 1420	Melt Spinning (cont'd) Melt Spinning of Vitrifying Polyhydrocarbons • Polyethylene • Isotactic Polypropylene • Syndiotactic Polypropylene
1420 – 1430	Recap
1430	Lunch & End of Day Four

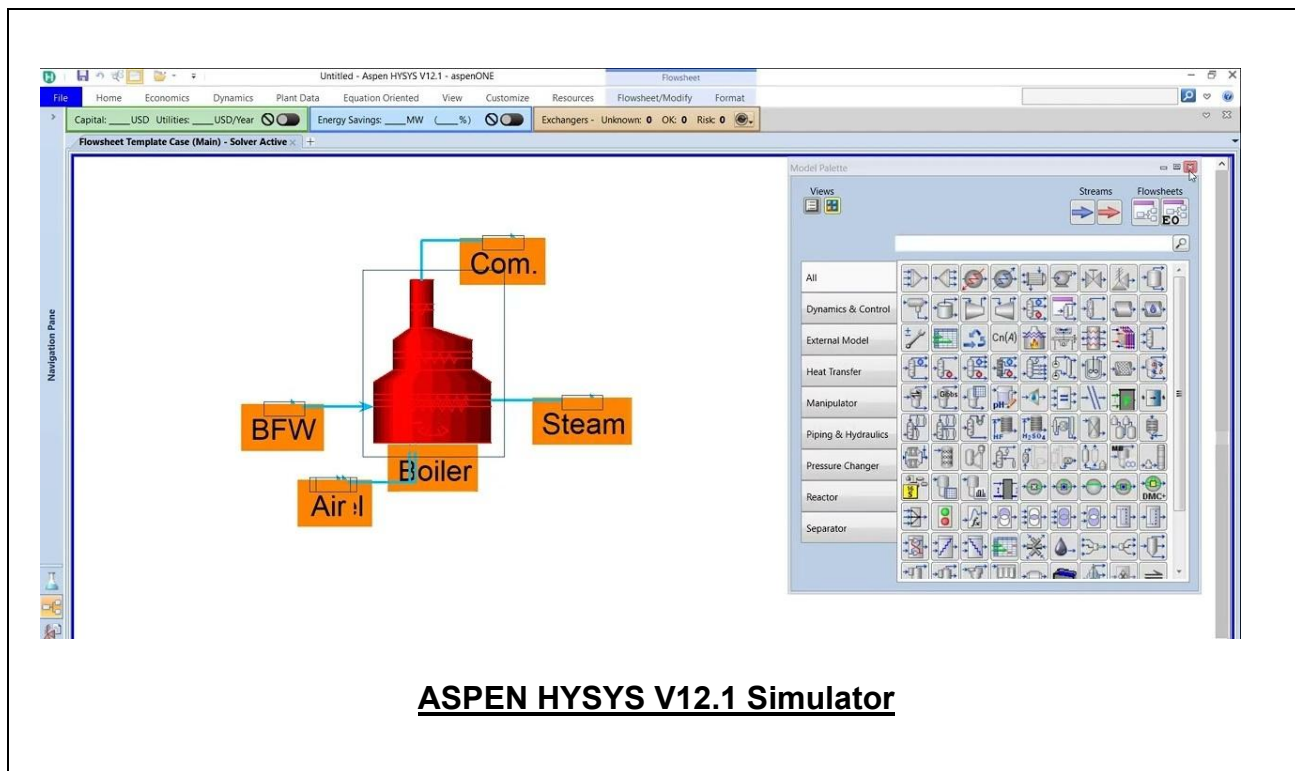
Day 5

0730 – 0900	Catalyst Technology LDPE & LLDPE Production Process and Technique: Free Radical Polymerization of LDPE, Ziegler-Natta Polymerization of LLDPE • Basic Principles of Metallocene and Single-Site Chemistry and Catalysts • Reaction Mechanisms • Post Metallocene Single-Site Catalysts • Current Problems and Future Trends in Single-Site Catalysis • Competitive Advances in Ziegler-Natta Technology for Polypropylene and Polyethylene
0900 – 0915	Break
0915 – 1045	Additives Antioxidants (AO) • Light Stabilizers • Fillers • Pigments, Colorants and Dyes • Flame Retardants
1045 – 1200	Additives (cont'd) Lubricants and Other Additives • Some Other Important Additives • Important Considerations • Analysis & Spectrometric Methods

1200 – 1215	Break
1215 – 1345	Health, Safety and Environmental Concerns (HSE) Safety Procedures • Environmental Impact • Halogenated vs. Non-Halogenated Flame Retardants • Recycling
1345 – 1400	Course Conclusion
1400 – 1415	POST-TEST
1415 – 1430	Presentation of Course Certificates
1430	Lunch & End of Course

Simulator (Hands-on Practical Sessions)

Practical sessions will be organized during the course for delegates to practice the theory learnt. Delegates will be provided with an opportunity to carryout various exercises using our state-of-the-art “ASPEN HYSYS” simulator.



Course Coordinator

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