

# **COURSE OVERVIEW PE0910-3D Basic Refinery Operations**

(18 PDHs)

#### **Course Title Basic Refinery Operations**

Course Reference

PE0910-3D

# **Course Duration/Credits**

Three days/1.8 CEUs/18 PDHs

# **Course Date/Venue**



Session(s)	Course Date	Venue
1	May 05-07, 2025	Glasshouse Meeting Room, Grand Millennium Al Wahda Hotel, Abu Dhabi, UAE
2	July 13-15, 2025	Tamra Meeting Room, Al Bandar Rotana Creek, Dubai UAE
3	September 07-09, 2025	Tamra Meeting Room, Al Bandar Rotana Creek, Dubai UAE
4	December 15-17, 2025	Glasshouse Meeting Room, Grand Millennium Al Wahda Hotel, Abu Dhabi, UAE

## **Course Description**







## This practical and highly-interactive course includes various practical sessions and exercises. Theory learnt will be applied using our state-of-the-art simulators.

The demand for petroleum products is increasing throughout the world. Traditional markets such as North America and Europe are experiencing moderate increase in demand, whereas the other emerging markets are witnessing a rapid surge. This has resulted in a squeeze on refineries. prompting a fresh technological existina approach to optimize efficiency and throughput. Major oil companies and technology suppliers/licensors are investing heavily to revamp their refining technologies in an effort to cater to the growing needs of customers.

Even though the nature of crude oil is changing, refineries are here to stay in the foreseeable future, since petroleum wide-ranging products satisfy energy requirements/demands that are not fully catered to by natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas (LPG), or coal. Refineries are eager to adapt to changing circumstances and are amenable to trying new technologies that are radically different in character. This is evident from the increasing use of different types of refinery process technology and novel separation methods.



PE0910-3D - Page 1 of 8





This course will give an up-to-date overview of most of the refinery production technologies employed by refineries around the world and it is designed provide an extensive and deep knowledge as well as the description of the technology. Further, this course will guide the participants to develop key concepts and techniques to operate, select and optimize refinery processes.

The course covers a wide range of topics such general chemistry, organic, chemical used in refinery processes, refinery infrastructure, refinery feedstocks, crude distillation, coking & thermal processes. catalytic cracking. catalytic hydrocracking. hydroprocessing & resid processing, hydrotreating, catalytic reforming & isomerization, alkylation & polymerization, product blending, supporting processes, lubricating oil blending stocks, petrochemical feedstocks, additives production from refinery feedstocks, maintenance & safety and environmental considerations

#### **Course Objectives**

Upon the successful completion of this course, each participant will be able to:-

- Apply systematic techniques and procedures on refinery production operations and petroleum products
- Analyze the usage, optimization, hazards & preventions, storage and specifications of chemicals used in the refinery process
- Discuss refinery infrastructure and refinery products
- Enumerate refinery feedstocks and illustrate the types of crude distillation, crude products, types & properties of coking & thermal processes
- Carryout types and new designs of catalytic cracking, catalytic hydrocracking, feed pretreating, process variables, heat recovery, hydroprocessing and resid processing
- Employ hydrotreating catalyst as well as catalytic reforming and isomerization yields
- Demonstrate alkylation types, process variables, feedstocks and reactions along with product blending and supporting processes
- Determine lubricating oil blending stocks & processes and discuss petrochemical feedstocks, types of production and additives production from refinery feedstocks

## Exclusive Smart Training Kit - H-STK<sup>®</sup>



Participants of this course will receive the exclusive "Haward Smart Training Kit" (H-STK<sup>®</sup>). The H-STK<sup>®</sup> consists of a comprehensive set of technical content which includes electronic version of the course materials conveniently saved in a Tablet PC.

#### Who Should Attend

This course provides an overview of all significant aspects and considerations of refinery production operations and petroleum products for all engineering and operations staff. Further, the course is suitable for maintenance, facility integrity, pipelines/piping, quality, Health, Safety and Environmental personnel who are seeking to improve their knowledge and skills on refinery processes and gain exposure on refinery concepts and technology including the operation, safety and control aspects.



PE0910-3D - Page 2 of 8





#### Course Certificate(s)

Internationally recognized certificates will be issued to all participants of the course who completed a minimum of 80% of the total tuition hours.

#### **Certificate Accreditations**

Certificates are accredited by the following international accreditation organizations: -



British Accreditation Council (BAC)

Haward Technology is accredited by the British Accreditation Council for Independent Further and Higher Education as an International Centre. BAC is the British accrediting body responsible for setting standards within independent further and higher education sector in the UK and overseas. As a BAC-accredited international centre, Haward Technology meets all of the international higher education criteria and standards set by BAC.

#### The International Accreditors for Continuing Education and Training (IACET - USA)

Haward Technology is an Authorized Training Provider by the International Accreditors for Continuing Education and Training (IACET), 2201 Cooperative Way, Suite 600, Herndon, VA 20171, USA. In obtaining this authority, Haward Technology has demonstrated that it complies with the ANSI/IACET 2018-1 Standard which is widely recognized as the standard of good practice internationally. As a result of our Authorized Provider membership status, Haward Technology is authorized to offer IACET CEUs for its programs that qualify under the **ANSI/IACET 2018-1 Standard**.

Haward Technology's courses meet the professional certification and continuing education requirements for participants seeking Continuing Education Units (CEUs) in accordance with the rules & regulations of the International Accreditors for Continuing Education & Training (IACET). IACET is an international authority that evaluates programs according to strict, research-based criteria and guidelines. The CEU is an internationally accepted uniform unit of measurement in gualified courses of continuing education.

Haward Technology Middle East will award **1.8 CEUs** (Continuing Education Units) or 18 PDHs (Professional Development Hours) for participants who completed the total tuition hours of this program. One CEU is equivalent to ten Professional Development Hours (PDHs) or ten contact hours of the participation in and completion of Haward Technology programs. A permanent record of a participant's involvement and awarding of CEU will be maintained by Haward Technology. Haward Technology will provide a copy of the participant's CEU and PDH Transcript of Records upon request.

#### Accommodation

Accommodation is not included in the course fees. However, any accommodation required can be arranged at the time of booking.

#### **Course Fee**

US\$ 3,750 per Delegate + VAT. This rate includes H-STK® (Haward Smart Training Kit), buffet lunch, coffee/tea on arrival, morning & afternoon of each day

#### Course Instructor(s)



PE0910-3D - Page 3 of 8





This course will be conducted by the following instructor(s). However, we have the right to change the course instructor(s) prior to the course date and inform participants accordingly:-



Mr. Pete Du Plessis, MSc, BSc, is a Senior Process & Safety Engineer within the **Oil**, **Gas** and **Petrochemical** industries. His expertise widely covers in the areas of **Process Plant** Troubleshooting, Engineering Problem Solving, Process Plant Optimization Technology & Continuous Improvement, Refinery Operational Planning & Profitability, Process Plant Rehabilitation, Revamping & Debottlenecking, Chemical Plants Troubleshooting, Flare Relief Systems, Risk Assessment within Production Operation, Hazard

Identification, Safety Auditing, Site Inspection, Quantified Risk Assessment (QRA). Process Hazard Analysis (PHA), Process Safety Management (PSM), HAZOP Studies & Leadership, FMEA, Waste Management, Industrial Effluents, Chemical Handling, Emergency Response Services, HAZCOM, HAZWOPER and HAZMAT with over 30 years of practical experience in the process industry. His wide experience also includes Environmental Management (ISO 14001), Safety Management (OHSAS 18001), Quality Management (ISO 9001).

While Mr. Du Plessis has been very active in the process industry he has likewise headed Consultancy projects for major petrochemical companies. In all his projects, he utilizes a systems approach which includes **risk management**, **process safety**, health & environmental management, human behaviour and quality management. Furthermore, he has come to share his expertise through the numerous international trainings he has held on PHA, HAZOP, Risk Assessment, Handling Hazardous Materials & Chemicals, Petroleum Products Handling & Transportation. Moreover, he completed various assignments as a consultant, trainer, facilitator, auditor & designer and conducted numerous licensed international Safety, Technology and Auditing Awareness & Implementing training courses including IMS, ISO 9001. **ISO 14001**, **ISO 27001**, **ISO 17799**, **OHSAS 18001** audits & assessments. With his accomplishments and achievements, he had been a Safety Superintendent, Senior Safety Official and Senior Process Controller for several international petrochemical companies.

Mr. Plessis has Bachelor degree with Honours in Industrial Engineering & Management. Further, he has gained **Diploma** in **Quality & Production Management**. He is also a **Certified** Assessor & Moderator with the Manufacturing, Engineering & Related Services Education and Training Authority (MERSETA), a Certified Trainer/Assessor by the Institute of Leadership & Management (ILM) and a Certified Instructor/Trainer by the APICS. He has further delivered numerous trainings, courses, seminars, conferences and workshops internationally.

#### Training Methodology

All our Courses are including Hands-on Practical Sessions using equipment, State-of-the-Art Simulators, Drawings, Case Studies, Videos and Exercises. The courses include the following training methodologies as a percentage of the total tuition hours:-

- 30% Lectures
- 20% Practical Workshops & Work Presentations
- 30% Hands-on Practical Exercises & Case Studies
- 20% Simulators (Hardware & Software) & Videos

In an unlikely event, the course instructor may modify the above training methodology before or during the course for technical reasons.



PE0910-3D - Page 4 of 8





## Course Program

The following program is planned for this course. However, the course instructor(s) may modify this program before or during the course for technical reasons with no prior notice to participants. Nevertheless, the course objectives will always be met:

Day 1		
0730 - 0800	Registration & Coffee	
0800 - 0815	Welcome & Introduction	
0815 - 0830	PRE-TEST	
0830 - 0850	<i>General Chemistry</i> <i>Basic Material</i> • <i>Basic Chemical Reaction</i> • <i>Theory of Gases</i>	
0850 – 0910	<b>Organic Chemistry</b> Structure of Organic Compounds • Reaction of Organic Compounds • Detail Study of Alkenes • Alkenes • Aromatics & Alcohol •Nitrogen Compounds	
0910 - 0930	Chemical Used in Refinery ProcessesNature of Chemical • Optimization Usage • Chemical Hazards andPrevention • Safe Storage of the Chemicals • Petroleum ProductSpecification and Testing	
0930 - 0945	Break	
0945 – 1015	Refinery InfrastructureRefinery Products• Characteristics of Crude and Products• ProductSpecifications and Tests• Low-Boiling Products• Gasoline• GasolineSpecifications• Distillate Fuels• Jet and Turbine Fuels• AutomotiveDiesel Fuels• Railroad Diesel Fuels• Heating Oils• Residual Fuel Oils	
1015 - 1115	Refinery FeedstocksCrude Oil Properties• Crudes Suitable for Asphalt Manufacture• CrudeDistillation Curves	
1115 - 1230	Crude DistillationDesalting Crude OilsAtmospheric Topping UnitVacuum Distillation• Auxiliary Equipment• CDU Overhead Condenser Control• CrudeDistillation Unit Products	
1230 - 1245	Break	
1245 – 1300	Case Study Problem # 1 Crude Units	
1300 – 1320	Coking and Thermal ProcessesTypes , Properties & Uses of Petroleum Coke • Process Description-DelayedCoking • Operation-Delayed Coking • Process Description-Flexicoking •Process Description-Fluid Coking • Yields from Flexicoking & Fluid Coking• Capital Cost & Utilities for Flexicoking& Fluid Coking • Visbreaking	
1320 – 1420	Case Study Problem # 2 Delayed Coker	
1420 – 1430	Recap	
1430	Lunch & End of Day One	





PE0910-3D - Page 5 of 8





Catalytic Cracking   New Designs for Fluidized-Bed Catalytic     0730 - 0810   Cracking Units   Cracking Reactions   Cracking of Paraffins   Olefin     Cracking   Cracking of Naphthenic Hydrocarbons   Aromatic Hydrocarbon     Cracking   Cracking of Naphthenic Hydrocarbons   Aromatic Hydrocarbon     Cracking   Cracking Catalysts   FCC Feed Pretreating   Process Variables     0810 - 0850   Case Study Problem #3   Catalytic Cracker     Catalytic Tracker   Catalytic Hydrocracking   Hydrocracking Reactions   Feed Preparation   The Hydrocracking Process   Hydrocracking Vields     0850 - 0930   Hydrocracking Catalyst   Process Variables   Hydrocracking Yields   Investment & Operating Costs   Modes of Hydrocracker Operation     0930 - 0945   Break   Case Study Problem #4   Hydrocracker   Hydrocracker     1015 - 1045   Case Study Problem #4   Hydroprocessing of Vacuum Tover Bottoms   Processing Options   Moving-Bed     1045 - 1115   Readetions   Expanded-Bed Hydrocracking Process   Moving-Bed     1045 - 1115   Hydrotreating   Catalytic Catalysts   Naphtha & Distillate Hydrotreating   Aromatics     1045 - 1115   Break				
0810 - 0830   Catalytic Cracker     0850 - 0930   Hydrocracking Reactions • Feed Preparation • The Hydrocracking Process • Hydrocracking Catalyst • Process Variables • Hydrocracker Operation     0930 - 0945   Break     0945 - 1015   Case Study Problem #4 Hydrocracker     0945 - 1015   Case Study Problem #4 Hydrocracker     1015 - 1045   Case Study Problem #4 Hydroprocessing and Resid Processing Composition of Vacuum Tower Bottoms • Processing Options • Hydroprocessing •Expanded-Bed Hydrocracking Process • Mooing-Bed Hydroprocessors • Solvent Extraction • Summary of Resid Processing Operations     1045 - 1115   Hydrotreating Hydrotreating Hydrotreating Catalysts • Naphtha & Distillate Hydrotreating • Aromatics Reduction • Reactions • Process Variables • Construction & Operating Costs     1130 - 1145   Break     1145 - 1215   Case Study Problem #5 Hydrotreaters     1215 - 1300   Processes • Reforming and Isomerization Platforming • Reactions • Feed Preparation • Catalytic Reforming Processes • Reforming Catalyst • Reactor Design • Yields and Costs • Isomerization • Capital & Operating Costs • Penex Processes • Isomerization Yields     1300 - 1345   Case Study Problem #6 Naptha Hydrotreater, Catalytic Reformer & Isomerization Unit     1345 - 1420   Alkylation Reactions • Process Variables • Alkylation Feedstocks • Alkylation Reactions • Process Variables • Alkylation Feedstocks • Polymerization     1345 - 1420   Recap	0730 – 0810	Fluidized-Bed Catalytic Cracking • New Designs for Fluidized-Bed Catalytic Cracking Units • Cracking Reactions • Cracking of Paraffins • Olefin Cracking • Cracking of Naphthenic Hydrocarbons • Aromatic Hydrocarbon Cracking • Cracking Catalysts • FCC Feed Pretreating • Process Variables		
0850 - 0930   Hydrocracking Reactions • Feed Preparation • The Hydrocracking Process • Hydrocracking Catalyst • Process Variables • Hydrocracking Yields • Investment & Operating Costs • Modes of Hydrocracker Operation     0930 - 0945   Break     0945 - 1015   Case Study Problem #4 Hydrocracker     1015 - 1045   Hydroprocessing and Resid Processing Options • Processing Options • Hydroprocessors • Solvent Extraction • Summary of Resid Processing Operations     1015 - 1045   Hydroprocessors • Solvent Extraction • Summary of Resid Processing Operations     1045 - 1115   Hydrotreating Catalysts • Naphtha & Distillate Hydrotreating • Aromatics Reduction • Reactions • Process Variables • Construction & Operating Costs     1130 - 1145   Break     1215 - 1215   Case Study Problem #5 Hydrotreaters     1215 - 1300   Processes • Reforming and Isomerization Platforming • Reactions • Feed Preparation • Catalytic Reforming Platforming • Reactions • Penex Processes • Isomerization Yields     1300 - 1345   Case Study Problem #6 Naphtha Hydrotreater, Catalytic Reforming Costs • Penex Processes • Isomerization and Polymerization     1345 - 1420   Alkylation Reactions • Process Variables • Alkylation Feedstocks • Alkylation reactions • Process • Alkylation Yields & Cost • Polymerization     1345 - 1420   Alkylation Reactions • Process • Alkylation Yields & Cost • Polymerization	0810 - 0850	Case Study Problem #3		
0945 - 1015   Case Study Problem #4 Hydrocracker     1015 - 1045   Hydroprocessing and Resid Processing Composition of Vacuum Tower Bottoms • Processing Options • Hydroprocessors • Solvent Extraction • Summary of Resid Processing Operations     1045 - 1115   Hydroprocessors • Solvent Extraction • Summary of Resid Processing Operations     1045 - 1115   Hydrotreating Hydrotreating Catalysts • Naphtha & Distillate Hydrotreating • Aromatics Reduction • Reactions • Process Variables • Construction & Operating Costs     1130 - 1145   Break     1145 - 1215   Case Study Problem #5 Hydrotreaters     1215 - 1300   Processe • Reforming and Isomerization Platforming • Reactions • Feed Preparation • Catalytic Reforming Processes • Reforming Catalyst • Reactor Design • Yields and Costs • Isomerization • Capital & Operating Costs • Penex Processes • Isomerization Yields     1300 - 1345   Case Study Problem #6 Naptha Hydrotreater, Catalytic Reformer & Isomerization Unit Alkylation Reactions • Process Variables • Alkylation Feedstocks • Alkylation Reactions • Process Variables • Alkylation Feedstocks • Alkylation Products • Catalyst • Hydrofluoric Acid Processes • Sulfuric Acid Alkylation • Comparison of Processes • Alkylation Yields & Cost • Polymerization     1420 - 1430   Recap	0850 – 0930	Hydrocracking Reactions • Feed Preparation • The Hydrocracking Process • Hydrocracking Catalyst • Process Variables • Hydrocracking Yields •		
0945 - 1013   Hydrocracker     Hydroprocessing and Resid Processing     1015 - 1045   Hydroprocessing and Resid Processing     1015 - 1045   Hydroprocessing Expanded-Bed Hydrocracking Process Moving-Bed Hydroprocessors Solvent Extraction Summary of Resid Processing Operations     1045 - 1115   Hydrotreating     1045 - 1115   Hydrotreating Catalysts Naphtha & Distillate Hydrotreating Aromatics Reduction • Reactions • Process Variables • Construction & Operating Costs     1130 - 1145   Break     1145 - 1215   Case Study Problem #5 Hydrotreaters     1215 - 1300   Processes • Reforming and Isomerization Platforming • Reactions • Feed Preparation • Catalytic Reforming Processes • Reforming Catalyst • Reactor Design • Yields and Costs • Isomerization Yields     1300 - 1345   Case Study Problem #6 Naptha Hydrotreater, Catalytic Reformer & Isomerization Unit     1345 - 1420   Alkylation Reactions • Process Variables • Alkylation Feedstocks • Alkylation Feedstocks • Catalyst • Hydrofluoric Acid Processes • Sulfuric Acid Alkylation • Comparison of Processes • Alkylation Yields & Cost • Polymerization     1345 - 1420   Recap	0930 - 0945			
1015 - 1045Composition of Vacuum Tower BottomsProcessing Options1015 - 1045Hydroprocessing• Expanded-Bed Hydrocracking Process• Moving-Bed Hydroprocessors1045 - 1115Hydrotreating Hydrotreating Catalysts• Naphtha & Distillate Hydrotreating • Construction & Operations1045 - 1115Hydrotreating Catalysts• Naphtha & Distillate Hydrotreating • Construction & Operating Costs1130 - 1145Break1145 - 1215Case Study Problem #5 Hydrotreaters1215 - 1300Processes • Reforming Catalyst • Reactor Design • Yields and Costs • Isomerization • Capital & Operating Costs • Penex Processes • Isomerization Yields1300 - 1345Case Study Problem #6 Naphtha Hydrotreater, Catalytic Reformer & Isomerization Unit1345 - 1420Alkylation Reactions • Process Variables • Alkylation Feedstocks • Alkylation Products • Catalyst • Hydrofluoric Acid Processes • Sulfuric Acid Alkylation • Comparison of Processes • Alkylation Yields & Cost • Polymerization1420 - 1430Recap		e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		
1045 - 1115Hydrotreating Catalysts • Naphtha & Distillate Hydrotreating • Aromatics Reduction • Reactions • Process Variables • Construction & Operating Costs1130 - 1145Break1145 - 1215Case Study Problem #5 Hydrotreaters1215 - 1300Catalytic Reforming and Isomerization Platforming • Reactions • Feed Preparation • Catalytic Reforming Processes • Reforming Catalyst • Reactor Design • Yields and Costs • Isomerization • Capital & Operating Costs • Penex Processes • Isomerization • Capital & Operating Costs • Penex Processes • Isomerization Yields1300 - 1345Case Study Problem #6 Naptha Hydrotreater, Catalytic Reformer & Isomerization Unit Alkylation Reactions • Process Variables • Alkylation Feedstocks • Alkylation Products • Catalyst • Hydrofluoric Acid Processes • Sulfuric Acid Alkylation • Comparison of Processes • Alkylation Yields & Cost • Polymerization1420 - 1430Recap	1015 - 1045	Hydroprocessing and Resid ProcessingComposition of Vacuum Tower BottomsProcessing OptionsHydroprocessingExpanded-Bed Hydrocracking ProcessHydroprocessorsSolvent ExtractionSolventSolvent Extraction		
1130 - 1145   Break     1145 - 1215   Case Study Problem #5     Hydrotreaters   Hydrotreaters     1215 - 1300   Platforming • Reactions • Feed Preparation • Catalytic Reforming     Processes • Reforming Catalyst • Reactor Design • Yields and Costs •   Isomerization • Capital & Operating Costs • Penex Processes •     1300 - 1345   Case Study Problem #6     Naptha Hydrotreater, Catalytic Reformer & Isomerization Unit     Alkylation and Polymerization     Alkylation Reactions • Process Variables • Alkylation Feedstocks •     Alkylation Products • Catalyst • Hydrofluoric Acid Processes • Sulfuric     Acid Alkylation • Comparison of Processes • Alkylation Yields & Cost •     Polymerization     1420 - 1430   Recap	1045 - 1115	Hydrotreating Catalysts • Naphtha & Distillate Hydrotreating • Aromatics Reduction • Reactions • Process Variables • Construction & Operating		
1145 - 1215   Case Study Problem #5 Hydrotreaters     1215 - 1300   Catalytic Reforming and Isomerization Platforming • Reactions • Feed Preparation • Catalytic Reforming Processes • Reforming Catalyst • Reactor Design • Yields and Costs • Isomerization • Capital & Operating Costs • Penex Processes • Isomerization Yields     1300 - 1345   Case Study Problem #6 Naptha Hydrotreater, Catalytic Reformer & Isomerization Unit     1345 - 1420   Alkylation and Polymerization Alkylation Reactions • Process Variables • Alkylation Feedstocks • Alkylation Products • Catalyst • Hydrofluoric Acid Processes • Sulfuric Acid Alkylation • Comparison of Processes • Alkylation Yields & Cost • Polymerization     1420 - 1430   Recap	1130 - 1145			
Catalytic Reforming and Isomerization PlatformingCatalytic Reforming Platforming1215 - 1300ProcessesReactionsFeed PreparationCatalytic Reforming Processes1215 - 1300ProcessesReforming CatalystReactor DesignYields and CostsIsomerizationCapital & Operating CostsPenex ProcessesIsomerization Yields1300 - 1345Case Study Problem #6 Naptha Hydrotreater, Catalytic Reformer & Isomerization Unit1345 - 1420Alkylation and Polymerization Alkylation ReactionsProcess VariablesAlkylation Feedstocks1345 - 1420Alkylation ProductsCatalystHydrofluoric Acid ProcessesSulfuric Acid Alkylation1420 - 1430Recap		Case Study Problem #5		
1300 – 1345   Naptha Hydrotreater, Catalytic Reformer & Isomerization Unit     Alkylation and Polymerization   Alkylation Reactions • Process Variables • Alkylation Feedstocks •     1345 – 1420   Alkylation Products • Catalyst • Hydrofluoric Acid Processes • Sulfuric     Acid Alkylation • Comparison of Processes • Alkylation Yields & Cost • Polymerization     1420 – 1430   Recap	1215 - 1300	Catalytic Reforming and IsomerizationPlatformingReactionsFeed PreparationCatalytic ReformingProcessesReforming CatalystReactor DesignYields and CostsIsomerizationIsomerizationCapital & Operating CostsPenex Processes•		
Alkylation and Polymerization1345 - 1420Alkylation Reactions • Process Variables • Alkylation Feedstocks • Alkylation Products • Catalyst • Hydrofluoric Acid Processes • Sulfuric Acid Alkylation • Comparison of Processes • Alkylation Yields & Cost • Polymerization1420 - 1430Recap	1300 - 1345	0		
	1345 - 1420	Alkylation and PolymerizationAlkylation ReactionsProcess VariablesAlkylation FeedstocksAlkylation ProductsCatalystHydrofluoric Acid ProcessesSulfuricAcid AlkylationComparison of ProcessesAlkylation Yields & Cost		
1430 Lunch & End of Day Two	1420 - 1430	Recap		
	1430	Lunch & End of Day Two		

#### Dav 3

Day 5			
0730 - 0810	Case Study Problem # 7 Alkylation & Polymerization		
0810 - 0850	<b>Product Blending</b> Reid Vapor Pressure • Octane Blending • Blending for Other Properties		
0850 - 0930	Case Study Problem # 8 Gasoline Blending		
0930 - 0945	Break		
0945 - 1015	Case Study Problem # 9 Diesel & Jet Fuel Blending		



PE0910-3D - Page 6 of 8





	Supporting Processes
1015 - 1045	Hydrogen Production & Purification • Gas Processing Unit • Acid Gas
	Removal • LPG Treating • Merox Processes • DHDS Processes • Sulfur
	Recovery Processes • SRU Processes • Ecological Considerations in
	Petroleum Refining • Waste Water Treatment • Control of Atmospheric
	Pollution • Noise Level Control
1045 1115	Case Study Problem # 10
1045 – 1115	Saturated Gas Recovery, Amine & Sulfur Rocovery Units
	Lubricating Oil Blending Stocks
	Lube Oil Processing • Propane Deasphalting •Viscosity Index Improvement
1115 – 1145	and Solvent Extraction • Viscosity Index Improvement & Hydrocracking •
	Dewaxing • Hydrofinishing •Finishing by Clay Contacting •
	Environmental Impacts
1145 – 1215	Petrochemical Feedstocks
1145 - 1215	Aromatics Production • Unsaturate Production • Saturate Paraffins
	Additives Production From Refinery Feedstocks
	<i>Use of Alcohols &amp; Ethers</i> • <i>Ether Production Reactions</i> • <i>Ether Production</i>
	Processes • Yields • Cost of Ether Production • Production of Isobutylene
1215 – 1230	Commercial Dehydrogenation Processes  Houdry's CATOFIN  Phillips
	Petroleum's STAR • UOP LLC's OLEFLEX • Snamprogetti/Yarsintez
	Process • Costs to Produce Isobutylene from Isobutane • International Union
	of Pure & Applied Chemists
1230 - 1245	Break
1245 - 1315	Maintenance & Safety
1315 - 1345	Environmental Consideration
1345 - 1400	Course Conclusion
1400 - 1415	POST-TEST
1415 - 1430	Presentation of Course Certificates
1430	Lunch & End of Course



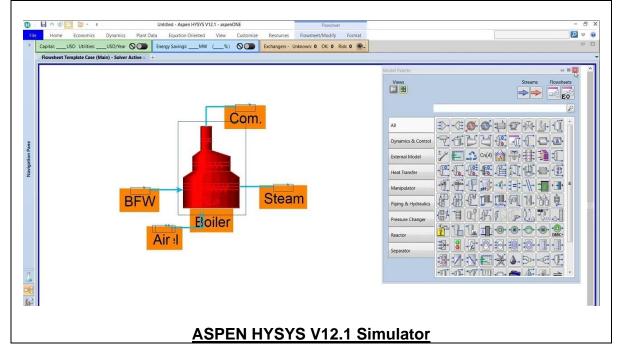
PE0910-3D - Page 7 of 8





## Simulator (Hands-on Practical Sessions)

Practical sessions will be organized during the course for delegates to practice the theory learnt. Delegates will be provided with an opportunity to carryout various exercises using the "ASPEN HYSYS V12.1" simulator.



#### **Course Coordinator**

Mari Nakintu, Tel: +971 2 30 91 714, Email: mari1@haward.org



PE0910-3D - Page 8 of 8

